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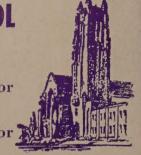
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The EXPOSITO

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A Journal of Practical Church Method

Suffering Servant

(Isaiah 53)

Behold Him, the man of sorrows, Familiar with pain and tears, Despised of men and rejected: Raw welts in His flesh He bears. He was wounded for our transgressions: He was punished for our sins.

How mountainous our wrong-doings, How black the filth of our soul; How sternly accusing the record To merit so heavy a toll. He was wounded for our transgressions: He was punished for our sins.

Behold His boundless compassion. What manner of love His must be, That He should freely suffer In the place of you and me. He was wounded for our transgressions: He was punished for our sins.

Of the great will I grade Him high port Their goals He shall share with the strong For He poured out His soul for others, Dying to right their wrong. He was wounded for our transgressions: He was punished for our sins.

—FRANK P. FLETCHE

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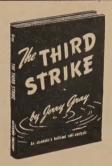
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HE HEART OF THE CROSS AND THE CROSS OF THE HEART

VICTOR E. BECK, Ph.D.

ENT strikes the note of sacrifice. It speaks of vicarious living and giving. It contains the message of greatness through humility obedience. It reveals the paradox of living lying; of having by giving; of being hed by enriching. Lent proclaims the priof service. It is a demonstration of

aely empowered self-abasement.

ll of this runs contrary to the natural ideas nan. There we witness selfishness, greed, andizement, the love of power, and the e to rule. In the heart of natural man, we the idea of greatness through domination suppression. There we behold dictatorship, ther it be in the realm of ideas or in the n of force.

ent places a cross across the highway of Lent says, "For the Son of man came not e ministered unto, but to minister, and to

His life a ransom for many."

To one can fully understand the meaning he cross. This much, however, we should be able more clearly to understand, that ife there must always be atonement. This ue in the family. Unless there is someone is willing to makes amends, family life not be at its best. It is true in any group society. There must always be those who e atonement for others. When we think of onal and international relationships, we ize immediately how much of atonement e is and how often someone must pay the e for the folly of others. In the full and ect sense atonement for all the sins of all must find its embodiment in the heart of

When we try to understand the heart of the s, perhaps the simplest answer and the t immediate answer must be that the heart the cross is the heart of God. God is like . Bishop Nygren of Lund says in his great k, Eros and Agape that God loves because His nature to love. Love is of the essence

fod's love finds expression in giving and in

giving. When we look about us we observe

that God gives in abundance. He gives Himself to everyone who will receive Him; and to those who receive Him, He gives the power to become children of God.

In this sense we can better understand the words of Jesus, "For God so loved the world, that He gave His only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in Him should not perish, but have eternal life." At the center of that love is the cross. In the incarnation of Jesus, in His life, His suffering, death, and resurrection, the full, unmotivated love of God is revealed to us.

The cross is God's appointed means for the redemption of men. "God was in Christ reconciling the world unto Himself."

"There was no other good enough To pay the price of sin; He only could unlock the gate Of heaven, and let us in.'

It was therefore inevitable that God should do it, and this is the message of the cross.

Thus everyone who accepts the gift of atonement finds release from the burden and the guilt of sin and a new life in Christ.

> "He died that we might be forgiven He died to make us good, That we might go at last to heaven, Saved by His precious blood."

It was with this situation in mind that a pastor could answer a despairing woman in a way that had meaning and gave help. Grieved at the loss of a child, she cried, "Where was God when my son died?" Calmly the pastor answered, "He was in the same place where He was when His own Son died.'

The Christian believes that Jesus bore our sins in His body on the tree. He believes that Jesus is the Lamb of God that takes away the sin of the world. He accepts with thankfulness the word of Paul, 'There is therefore now no condemnation to them that are in Christ Jesus." "Therefore being justified by faith, we have peace with God through our Lord Jesus

Thus the separation from God that is caused by sin can be removed. The bruises of sin can be healed. The tensions and disturbances of life can be taken away. Nations can live in

ch of Gustavus Adolphus York City, N. Y.

brotherhood. Hearts can be brought to peace with God. Homes can be reunited, and fami-

lies can again be as one.

It is to this cross of Jesus that we may cling. It is there that we find hope. For us life would be hopeless without that cross. How thankful therefore we should be that the cross is there.

Thus the cross remains the symbol of that event in history when God gave Himself completely for the atonement of sin. When in penitence and faith we come to the cross of Calvary, we find release from the burden of sin and grace to help us in every time of need.

But the meaning and the place of the cross are not exhausted by this fact. The cross of Calvary must get hold on my life in a way that is vital. I must give heed to the word of Jesus, "If any man would come after me, let him deny himself, and take up his cross, and follow me." We must think not only of the heart of the cross—its meaning for us. We must also think of the cross of the heartits meaning in us.

There is a vital relationship between a person's experience of the redemptive power of the cross and his subsequent life. He is a different kind of pilgrim, marching toward eternity after the burden of sin has rolled away. His life cannot ever be the same again. There will also be a cross in his life—the cross that is there because he has become a disciple of Jesus

Few have succeeded more in identifying themselves completely with suffering than did Kagawa, as he voluntarily lived in the slums of Kobe. Thinking of these burdened people, he writes in his little book, Songs from the Slums.

> "Their will to live, Though life be cursed, That is my cross.'

There we have the cross of the heart pictured in a few words. In this day of world crisis, there must be many crosses in the heart of Christians. As we hear of the suffering to be found in conditions that defy description, how can we feel sadness in our heart? As we hear about children who are crying for bread, how can we remain untouched by the feeling of compassion? As we understand something of the fear that has taken hold of nearly all people, must we not share something of their fear? When we remember the millions who are being denied the ordinary opportunities of life, how can we refuse to share our opportunities with them? When we hear about the terrible plight of the dispossessed persons, how

can we deny them a part of that which we

The world today is, by and large, a world. The laughter that is the right of cl hood is absent in most nations. It is privilege and the duty of Christians to restore the joy of salvation to those who l lost it, and to bring it to those who never

It has been said, "The moment I claim cross, the cross claims me." We must not fuse the little crosses that we bear with cross of Calvary. That cross was unique history and that crucifixion occurred once all. But when we have received what that c gives, then we understand the spirit in w our lives must be lived. Then we desire so thing of the spirit of Saint Paul, who confe that there was a big longing in his hear know Christ, the power of His resurrect and the fellowship of His suffering.

Lives that have been captivated by motives can be mighty witnesses to the po of the cross of Calvary. They can be a po for good in the life of our day. They can l to bring atonement and redemption to a w that is bleeding and dying in its selfishr

and its sin.

We can bring redeemed lives to a world needs the redemption which is to be found Christ. We can bring to the world the b diction and the healing of lives that have fo forgiveness and peace and joy in God thro the cross.

When the heart of the cross and the c of the heart find a place in the life of humanity, then we may-also look for a n blessed and happy world. Then will there a greater fulfillment of the prayer that J taught us to pray, "Thy Kingdom come," will be done on earth as it is in heaven."

Not Too Young-Not Too Old

Don't think that you're too young or too ol do great things: Jefferson was thirty-three when drafted the Declaration of Independence. Benja Franklin was twenty-six when he wrote Poor I ard's Almanac. Charles Dickens was twenty-when he began his Pickwick Papers and two five when he wrote Oliver Twist. McCormick twenty-three when he invented the reaper; Newton twenty-four when he formulated the law

But—Emanuel Kant at seventy-four wrote lest philosophical works. Verdi at eighty hnest philosophical works. Verdi at eighty duced Falstaff and at eighty-five Ave Maria. Go at eighty completed Faust. Tennyson at eighty we Crossing the Bar. Michaelangelo completed greatest work at eighty-seven. Titian at ninety-painted the historic picture, Battle of Lepanto. Ju Holmes at ninety was still writing brilliant opin—Louis Nizer in Pagea

AFTER THE RESURRECTION... WHAT?

A. WALLACE COPPER

FTER the crucifixion of Jesus the disciples were steeped in dejection. Wistfully had they followed, gladly had they sacrificed, pon the brow of Calvary's hill their hope ned. They could not begin to answer the ions that from their broken hearts welled to their confused minds. All they knew that He was gone. What could they do They had no recourse but to go back to work they had willingly left when Jesus so challengingly said, "Follow me and I make you." Simon Peter and his brother go back to fishing. Matthew could see his ds and though the position of Receiver of oms had been filled, some other position t be open. However, no one felt like back to his work. Life would never be ame. Jesus had been like a great light in larkness, and now the light was gone.

ow frequently they had said to one another, was a great adventure." On the walls of memories were beautiful pictures time d never blot out. The hillsides, the Sea salilee, the home of Jarius, the people who been blind but now could see, the lame now could walk, the dumb that now could k, all these and more were forever lifting of the rich treasures of their minds scenes accomparable beauty. They could never for-

esus. nen, one morning, which was the first day ne week, came the staggering, indescribable of Christ's resurrection. Not only was it eyed by one so fraught with excitement it could hardly be understood, but within ort time they, too, saw Jesus. They heard voice, saw the nail prints in His hands, mark of the thorns on His brow, and the ealed wound in His side. By the fire by sea they ate with Him. They knew this not a phantom, or a ghost, but a fact. With pressed joy they realized the cause was not d, it had just begun. The resurrection not evidenced the fact of immortality, that the ne spirit in man, like Christ, will burst bonds of death, but with this as a background Christ gave them the command about proceeding. He said, "Go ye, therefore, and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Spirit"

After the crucifixion, dejectedly, they said to each other, "What shall we do now?" The blacked out future only made all the deeper the contemporary darkness. Now the light of day had come. It was the eternal light of the eternal day. Christ had become the first fruits of them that slept. Specifically, He had told them the way to proceed. The world was their parish. In Jerusalem, Judea and to the ends of the earth they were to proclaim by message, service and spirit the reality of the Master, the hope of the world, the salvation provided for men everywhere. The cause of God was aggressive. In their hearts as in the heart of God was to be a Divine restlessness until all men would believe and know.

Is Easter for us a festival? Is it the grand celebration of a historic fact, ended when the day is done? It was not so for the disciples. Not only was it the confirmation of immortal life, but the focal point symbolizing Christianity on the march. Each year it was a reminder that the world was their parish. In our day, when the tendency is to live softly, we need to ask, "After the resurrection—what?" What are our plans? How can we, by message, service and spirit, illuminate with Christ's light the darkness of this world?

What Christ told the disciples after the resurrection is a persistent reminder that Christianity is by nature aggressive; that when it loses its impulse to go out into the unknown, it ceases to be Christianity. We are dismayed because some dilute the gospel. It is then no longer the gospel, but a new creation disassociated from the Master. Our fathers used to say they could not refrain from being missionaries wherever they were. Our conception of religion may be more comprehensive, our understanding of salvation profounder, our yearning to apply the teachings and spirit of Christ to the varied ways of men may evidence greater understanding, but the passion to do

rs Memorial Methodist r Darby, Pennsylvania so must not be less than the dynamic force

that impelled them.

The temptation of many people is to adjust themselves to a comfortable environment and forget the world. Great issues face mankind. Racial bitterness luridly explodes in South Africa, a national magazine pictures a colored girl in a southern medical school, standing dejectedly alone in a corridor, contemplating the prospect of sitting alone away from the class in the lecture hall, and eating at a table alone at lunch. Juvenile delinquency is on the increase, the tax burden of crime becomes heavier. Europe lies in ruins, China becomes communist, local people are immersed in pleasure. Things are in the saddle and ride mankind. Such individuals regarding their contribution to the better life of man to be futile, and believing religion to be only a personal matter, strive to get to heaven while the world goes to ruin. Such a philosophy is not Christian. We cannot, living softly and unmindful of the needs of men, consider ourselves followers of Him who left the popular hosts of Galilee to go to Jerusalem where great issues were to be faced. When we see the Man upon the cross who might have remained the idol of the countryside, we know we cannot be His and live unconcerned while the world suffers.

A few hundred years ago Europe sank into the dark ages. What precipitated this darkness? The factors involved were not political alone. Fundamentally the cause was religion. Men turned their backs upon Christ's command given after the resurrection. Instead of going into the varied avenues of life so the Master's light could shine in the darkness, they escaped to the monastaries and in the gloomy and damp cells endeavored to get the eternal light to shine upon them alone. In the meantime men groped in the darkness. The chains of the peasantry, the chattels of ignorance, the straitjackets of bigoted concepts were never broken until men searched the scripture and were impelled "to go and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Spirit."

The primary reason our world has not again sunken into another dark age is that portions of mankind have in their hearts this message of Christ. The Master stands between our

society and utter despair.

Most of us are unable to go to the ends of the earth. We must remain in Jerusalem. This does not relieve us from the obligation or rob us of the privilege of letting our light shine. We know paganism is not limited to China or Africa, but is found wherever men turn away from God. Wherever men believe physical power is mightier than the spirit; truth is a matter of convenience and not fu mental to life; that what a man possesses m him great, but what a man is in charact of no consequence; that God is an idea any other superstition that has survived is not the great Reality in whom men move, and have their being—there pagar is found.

The duty of a Christian is to let his I shine so men, seeing the reliability of his cacter, the goodness reflected in his countenathe kindness, evidenced in the things he and does, will be reminded of the One J

called "Our Father."

There are varied ways by which we preach the gospel and let our light shine no way can it be done by coiling up wi ourselves unmindful of the good of otl Gilkey, in "Gaining the Faith We Need," of a man who was in Chicago on business. was not interested in anything but the cons mation of a business deal. Walking deal. Chicago's widest street he saw a man who the saddest face he had ever seen. Someth within prompted him to speak. When he so the man said, "Friend, can I talk with a moment?" "Certainly," said the busi man, and they walked over by the side of building. Then the poor fellow told his st He had brought his son, an only child, Chicago hospital hoping to find a cure formalady. The other day he died. The boy to be buried that afternoon. The irony of was that two years before this very day had buried his wife, the boy's mother. I he had no one in the world. He had no mo having spent it all for the boy's care. He not even have a minister, and did not to ask one to take charge of the funeral no money to offer.

With saddened eyes and strained counance he asked the business man, "Do think you could come this afternoon and o

a prayer and read the scripture?"

Instantly this friend of but a few mome said, "I will, and you can depend upon in A short time later he was at the funeral es lishment. In the presence of a boy who been taken before he knew life's meaning, a father who was experiencing life's gra hour, the business man offered a prayer read the gospel's most comforting mess." "In my Father's house are many mansions."

How much light had been sent into darkness of a broken heart? How deep the darkness before a consecrated business let Christ's light shine? Can we not fin

1 kindness, to touch a soul with Christ's

day a colored boy arrived in Boston. The say before he had had very little to eat, as weak and trembling under the burden eavy suitcase in which were all the things med. Suddenly the hand of a white mand into the handle of the suitcase. To his ment a kind voice said, "Son, I'll help The colored lad in gratitude said, "But ot worthy, sir." Edward Everett Hale I, "Keep looking up, boy. Keep looking Little did he realize the colored lad was T. Washington who would never for-

get his kindness, and would some day establish Tuskegee where young men would get the equipment and inspiration "to keep looking up." Edward Everett Hale was preaching the gospel, for living is preaching.

Now that Easter is over—What? Shall we say the season is ended, what next? Or shall we remember that Christ, who burst the bonds of death giving the final evidence of the immortality of the soul, also gave the command to His followers through the ages, "Go into all the world and preach the gospel to every creature."

MAD

THE DIMENSION CALLED HEAVEN

PROFESSOR DAVID WESLEY SOPER

HERE is at this time a peculiar urgency and propriety in whatever answers men have to give to the age-old question, I a man live, though he die?" Lives have sacrificed for and against the cause of n dignity. Quite distinct from the equally icant question—"Have these lives been d in vain or in hope as concerns the next in history?"—is the query about immor-When the body dies, is the story of the idual ended?

me men have experienced in our time a p in faith. They voice again, in this age Christ's resurrection, the essential cynicism e writer of Ecclesiastes, who did believe conviction that man must walk justly e a transcendant God, but who possessed a question about life after death. "Who is whether the spirit of man goes up-?" he enquired timidly. (Ecc. 3:21).

crates, the Greek, spoke of immortality in e-Christian age more hopefully than the acce who wrote or edited Ecclesiastes, for id, "Fair is the prize, and the hope great." onger, however, than either of these voices familiar emphasis of Christendom.

be illustration which Jesus used concerning beyond death was the phrase uttered by the to Moses, "I am the God of Abraham, hac, and of Jacob." It was Jesus' point that was not the God of the dead but of the g; therefore that Abraham, Isaac, and were alive when God spoke to Moses, at four hundred years after their earthly

death. Jesus did not teach that all men had passed to a second life; rather that most men had passed to the second death, the death of the soul. A few only had passed from the space-time dimensions we call this world to the first dimension which is the dwelling place of God in heaven, a city not upon earth. And those who had gone from earth to heaven were alive forever in the conscious fellowship of God, the dimension to which we make daily reference in the words, "Our Father, who art in heaven."

We are accustomed to think in terms only of four dimensions—length, breadth, thickness, and time of duration. But we forget that these dimensions describe only the space-time universe. They do not describe or enclose personality, the indestructible self invisible to all eyes but those of God.

No one but God has ever seen any human self. The house that self inhabits, the body, is subject to space-time dimensions. We think we are seeing one another when we see the bodies in which we live, but ourselves we do not see. Our decisions and achievements, good or evil, are visible enough to the discriminating, but ourselves no man has seen. The self is able to some extent to control the body in the space-time universe; it is itself not part of that universe. It transcends space and time; it is not of earth, though temporarily imprisoned in earth. Our personalities are forever distinct from our bodies, though at present we are working out within them a sentence of life imprisonment. The day comes to all when (See page 171)

College urville, Kentucky

The Editor's Columns



Idle Crucifixion

OOK, and on that far hill, a fourth cross rises on which hangs this evil day.

Listen, and again we hear the same agonized cry, above the clamor of the mob, "My God, my God, why hast thou forsaken me?" But can we be certain that that cry is not to us?

Too long have we been smugly content to dwell upon tht distant fact that "Herod with his soldiers, set him at nought and mocked him." As though the day of Herod, alone, set Him at nought and mocked Him. Wherein is our day better than Herod's?

Behold the adoption and use of ideological camouflage and subterfuge, everywhere, by every land, for the deception of their own

people and those of other lands.

Why all the Easter crowds, and the Easter lilies, and the Easter palms, and the Easter hallelujahs? Are they in honest praise, and in determination to recognize and adopt His character-forming tenets, which we are so prone to stress orally on our so-called "special days and occasions" and ignore on all others?

Non-church-goers have long asked, and it is time we did, are our Lenten and Easter phenomena paradox, antithesis, or hypocrisy? That is a query we dare not forever evade.

Must the message of our recurrent Good Fridays and Easters be wholly silenced by the

prolonged rattle of our armanents?

Must our Holy Weeks forever witness to paradox and antithesis to its religious teaching?

How can we reconcile the religiousness of this holy season with the selfishness of life, after our lilies are wilted, or is our Church of today, which we direct, unequal to that task?

We crucify through division, through discontent, through disruption and cold indifference, the very ideals we profess to possess.

When what we wear on our bodies means more to us than what we wear in our hearts and lives, in that very moment we not only cry "Crucify, Crucify," but we do crucify. We, with Herod and his soldiers, set Him at nought, mock Him, array Him in gorgeous apparel, and send Him back to Pilate.

Why stand we here, all the day, idle?

Intimations

ASTER again affirms our triumphant in the eternity of the human soul. It sang long ago: "Awake and sing ye dwell in dust, for thy dew is as the dev herbs; and the earth shall cast forth her de Ezekiel shouted: "These dead bones shall again;" and he heard the winds of life blow through the valley. Jesus affirmed to His lowers: "I go . . . I shall come again. I down my life . . . I have power to tak again."

Immortality is held by faith, and not mathematics; but as we muse upon the beyond the borders of this world, there definite intimations of immortality which to us; and assurances which we are to fo not only to the ends of the earth, but far yond. We trust such intimations fully

wisely

We trust the unshaken instincts of our personality. Something within us keeps shing: "Man is not born to die!" There feeling of incompleteness about the best we have ever known.

We trust our sense of justice. This is moral world if the books are closed on people at the grave. Some men have not punished for much evil done; some men into been rewarded for great good acceplished. The evil influence of some lives centuries after the person dies; and the ginfluence of other lives continues from eration unto generation. We must have a beyond this life to be assured of a muniverse.

We trust the hopes and songs of the chosouls of the human race. While all men is the instinct for eternity, this hope is hig and clearest in the individuals who farthest above their fellows. On the numberore he drank the hemlock Socrates take of the immortality of the soul. Paul wrote we have life for this world only, we are of men most miserable." Tennyson sang: "It to see my Pilot face to face when I is crossed the bar."

We trust Jesus. His promise is our gantee of immortality. He said: "Because I ye shall live also." We can safely leave

ow this assurance of eternity from Him Charles Haddon Nabers.

matter in the hands of Jesus when we has transformed the noblest lives we know-



THE CHURCH

AT WORK



ice for Easter Dawn

eparation for this service is made in adwith the co-operation of various groupnizations within the membership, and both r and junior choirs. Organ plays softly

worshippers are gathering.

orshippers will present themselves at the th at a specific hour, while candles are supto every person. Boy or Girl Scouts may assigned the privilege of lighting the les as the worshippers leave the church ne open-air service, or if held in the church, gathered by assignment during the service.

Service

elude: "At Sunrise"-Diggle. vocation: "Bless the Lord, O my soul. O my God, Thou art very great; Thou art ed with honour and majesty. Who coverest self with light as with a garment: who chest out the heavens like a curtain." lm 194:1-2.)

ymn: "Father, All Glorious . . ."

ripture: Zech. 11:1-13. Mark 9:1-13. 12:20-40.

ymn: "O Thou Fount of Every Hope." olo: "Lord's Prayer."

ripture: I John 1:5-7; John 1:8-9;

1:18. ymn: "Christ, the Lord, is Risen Today."

hour of grace, and in the Name of the Risen st, to worship Him who made the promise of ation to all who would believe and follow in steps. By the light of God's eternal love, we permitted to dwell on the scenes of the resurbed described in the Holy Bible as they were ted on that early Easter Dawn near 20 cens ago. We see simple, ordinary men and women ourselves, leaving the simple chores of living a time, in order to learn what more could be

done for their beloved Master, whose body had been placed in a grave in the garden at the close of the drama on the hill of Calvary.

A great and seemingly impossible event had taken Place in the garden, the Resurrection of Jesus Christ, and these simple men and women, like ourselves, found it difficult to understand. They hesitated to accept the announcement made by the angel at the open tomb; they asked to be shown angel at the open tomb; they asked to be shown where his body had been taken. Only when the Master spoke the familiar word, in the familiar and loved voice, did they accept the fact that the tomb was empty because the Master was again present among those He loved. They did not ask for an explanation; they heard Him call their names, and they accepted His Presence among them as a fact. They hastened forth to make known their wonderful discovery to all His faithful followers, and thus the great and most important event in the history of the world has come down to us.

of the world has come down to us.

In the Royal Academy of London many have looked upon Dore's painting, "Vale of Tears."

There is a deep valley in which the world is gathered. afflicted, they are all there. A beautiful light rarer than sun has ever known floods the valley with a glory as from the throne of God! In very truth the light is celestial, for at the head of the valley stands the Risen Christ, and all the light of the stands the Risen Christ, and all the light of the picture shines forth from Him. The world is at His feet. This is a picture of the redemption of the

world.

In a measure, mankind has witnessed the actual unfolding of this redemption scene through the past nineteen centuries. We here this morning hour are a part of that unfolding scene. As we go along life's way from this hour of grace and worship, let us witness without ceasing to the redemptive love of Jesus Christ, Saviour of those who choose to walk in His way.—(Biederwolf)

Hymn: "My Faith Looks Up to Thee . . ."

Reading: Matt. 28:1-20.

Hymn: "Jesus, Saviour, Son of God." Hymn: "Jesus, Saviour, Son of Choir: "Christ the Lord"—Day.

Prayer: (For grace to accept every duty in life as an assignment to fulfill the will of God; a privilege to worship Him in deed and in spirit, whether we wash dishes, grind valves, or preach sermons. Every deed, thought and desire, if done in God's name, will glow with eternal light.)

Hymn: "All Praise to Thee . . ."

Benediction.

Hymn: "Holy, Holy, Holy, Lord God Almighty."

The Meaning of Communion To the Christian

A newly installed pastor in a Pennsylvania church had a visit from a 38-year-old mother of four children; the husband and father was in ill-health and irregularly employed, therefore, wages were greatly diminished; the mother and two of the children worked parttime, and the family life had become disorganized. The family needed something more than more money, more food, more coal, more clothing. That family needed spiritual help,—a strong tonic to pull them together, and put them on their feet again as a unit.

While the pastor was answering a call on the telephone, the mother picked up a weekly church bulletin; when the pastor returned to continue the interview, she asked, "You announce a communion service for next Sunday, and ask everyone to attend, especially those in trouble. Tell me why! I don't know why we have the service, and the confusion during the service disturbs me more."

The pastor's letter continues, "We read the twenty-second chapter of St. Luke together; the troubled mother read from the Bible she was carrying, and I from the N. T. on my desk." When we completed reading through verse 41, she said, "It is 25 years since I have read this, and I do not believe I ever heard it read from

the pulpit, beyond a few paragraphs."
"Due to my father's love for the pastoral work, and the people placed in his keeping, he used and guarded the things which helped him in his work," continues the letter, "and among these I found many bound volumes of The Expositor. I opened volume 30 to page 651 (March 1929) and handed the volume to her to read the communion service by Rev. David Browne Pearson which I had studied carefully, preparatory to making copies for each member to use in the service, while I answered another telephone call. Through the grace of God, we believe this family will have a new vision as a result of this seemingly brief hour, and several calls to the home. The whole family attended the communion service, and the husband is already working an extra day weekly, due to improved health."

"I cannot refrain from writing this to because there may be thousands of ment physically, and spiritually sick people who not remember, or may never have known, meaning of Christ's walk among us, and we on from Sunday to Sunday, believing services are understood by those who heen reared in so-called Christian homes."

The Church School And Parish House Building

This 96-page book written by Elbert Conover, director of the Interdenomination Bureau of Church Architecture, 21 chapters practical plans, suggestions, and 45 photogra and drawings, will interest every minist whether building plans are under consideration or not. Improvements can always be vised in the arrangement of buildings in use

The book was planned in consultation was 100 Christian education leaders in the Innational Council of Religious Education, N. Wabash Avenue, Chicago 1, and may had for \$1.50 from that address.

Topics covered include-

The Educational Interest in Sanctuary a Chapel.

Art in the Service of Christian Educati Providing for Audio-Visual Aids, Radio Work.

Remodeling the Buildings We Now Ha Special Concerns of the Small Church. Educational Values in Promoting, Pl ning, and Financing the Building F grams.

Silly-Sally Icebreaker

"Warming-up the Fellowship Atmosphe is the basis for planning "Silly-Sally and Sol Sam" get-to-gether in a southern Ohio chur The one "must" in the outline for the funwas that everyone attending must come wear something in the "silly" class, which include anything from make-believe sideburns, was mustache, old-fashioned hats, trains, short v vet breeches with silk stockings, lace cuffs, le braids, bubble-gum, dolls, pompadors, h button shoes, long lace-trimmed aprons, anything that would provoke people to laugh Of course, prizes were awarded by a sin judge, who was chosen by the vote of thattending as the "silliest" person there. Vot slips were prepared in advance by the you mothers' club, each carrying a typed joke, p ferably concerning the people present. It is pronounced a success, and plans are under v to improve the plan for another fall "was ing-up" get-to-gether.

h Crying Room

is something new in church arrangea "crying-room" built into the rear of a akee church so that parents may bring hildren to services and not be embarif and when the children cry and beestless. (The room is glass-enclosed, so nose attending the children can witness wice, while the congregation and pastor to disturbed by the crying children.) ed behind the glass partition of the speom, parents hear with the aid of loudtes.—From the Messiah Messenger, Los es, Rev. R. B. Boden.

l Post Sale

m Yakima, Washington, comes the folgrannouncement and invitation, contain-"seed-germ" for any church to cultivate.

ou ever hear of a parcel post sale? ell, listen and I will tell you a tale; parish is having a bazaar needs something to sell from afar.

you send us a package to sell for a quarter? loads of fun and won't take much barter. sell it just as it comes through the mail at's why we call it a Parcel Post Sale.

27 we've set for the date case send your parcel so it won't be late; address it to the undersigned thank you for being helpful and kind.

Mrs. Horace Siep, 610 North 4th St.,

Yakima, Washington.

ing Plant Costs Cut Iew System

neral Electric announces a new method ating buildings, designed to cut building. The new system forces hot air into a at high velocity in a vertical fan-pattern the entire outer wall. The blanket of air insulates the room from the cold outer according to the announcement, and heats it in the room. When the walls are warm give off the effect of radiant heat.

meral Electric calls the new system "air-heating," and the saving comes in installacharges. Air heated in a conventional furis carried through four-inch round alumpipes to a hot air register or grills in ase of the wall; the grill designed to shoot air upward and sideways along the wall in an area of about four inches parallel to wall, and differs from other systems which ct air along the floor or ceiling. The inum pipes are shipped flat and rolled shape on the building site; the method of

sealing the seam in the pipes and the prefabricated moveable joints for the pipes are patented G. E. features.

A press demonstration was given in New York in mid-February, prior to the exhibition at the Chicago National Association of Home Builders Exposition. Building Committees engaged on plans for new Church Buildings, or re-building projects, should inquire about costs on this new development before selecting new heating systems.

Bee Gee Windows Ready for Installation

Building Committees who desire maximum lighting in Parsonages, Sunday School Rooms, Parish Halls, Fellowship Rooms, should inquire about "Completely Built-Ready to Install Bee Gee Windows." If your local dealer cannot give you details, write for a free booklet to Browne-Graves Company, Akron, Ohio.

Israel and the Near East

The American Christian Palestine Committee announces available for various summer conferences for pastors, laymen and young people, literature, films and speakers—to any group intersted in including such discussion in their conference programs as the following:

Is Israel a thorough-going democracy?
What effect will its democratic principles

have upon surrounding Arab nations?

What are the prospects for achieving a creative peace between Israel and the Arab States?

For specific information, write above committee at 41 East 42nd Street, New York 17, N. Y.

Back Talk

People in the pews will have an opportunity to *Talk Back* to the pulpit in a series of sermons planned by the Rev. Gary Bousman, Pastor of Plymouth Congregational Church, Lincoln Parkway and Amherst Street, Buffalo, New York.

The series of sermons is to clarify the understanding of pastor and people on "What Is the Christian Religion?" The sermon will be preached as an integral part of the Sunday morning worship service; at the midweek service following the sermon, the pastor will summarize the lesson contained in the sermon during a five-minute discussion. Then the congregation will have opportunity to question, add to, or challenge the pastor's statements. Laymen will preside, and members are asked to have their questions ready.

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Recorded Sermons Given to Shut-Ins

A wire recorder takes the sermons of the Rev. Ernest Ammon, pastor of First Baptist Church, Carrier Mills, Illinois, into the homes of people in the mining community who are unable to attend services in the church due to

illness or physical disability.

Mr. Ammon learned from the "shut-ins" that his parishioners wanted to hear preaching "straight from the pulpit" not just bedside talk about the sermon. Every Sunday morning, a wire recording machine is placed beside the pulpit in First Baptist Church, and during the week the service is reproduced beside the beds and wheel chairs of the aged, the sick, and those not able to attend the worship service.

Do You Think We Are Scaring Russia?

One thousand persons reported attending an area-wide Methodist Lenten service at Asbury Park Methodist Church, Buffalo, N. Y., heard Dr. Henry Hitt Crane, pastor of Central Methodist Church, Detroit, ask a number of vital questions regarding our relationship to Russia. He is quoted as saying:

"The world is confronted with its most desperate dilemma, appeasement which only delays war, and war itself. The way out is Christianity, not lip-service, but Christianity as Jesus

Christ lived it and taught it.

"War is horrible, appeasement is horrible! There are those who think the only escape is a big Army, a big Navy, a big Air Force, which will scare the daylights out of everybody, including ourselves. Do you think we're scaring Russia? Some persons believe we can risk war to avoid war.

Dr. Crane, a former delegate to the Amsterdam meeting of the World Council of Churches, reminded his listeners "that those who live by the sword die by the sword."

Essential Qualities of Leadership

Albert E. Wiggam, noted psychologist, was recently asked this question, "Are the most essential qualities of a good executive industry,

energy and aggressiveness?"

"These are necessary," answered Dr. Wiggam, "but Andre Maurois relates in his 'Art of Living' (paraphrase) someone said to Wm. Pitt, English Statesman, the three qualities of a statesman are industry, energy and eloquence. Pitt replied, 'the most essential quality is patience?'

"Maurois continues, 'this is true for all

whose duty is to *lead men*. Stupidity is versal and the leader counts on it and not it with *patience*. A leader must deal with as they are, not as they ought to be.' Good vice for parents, too.'

Does Your Voice Reflect You, as You Want Listeners to Know You?

A nationally known authority on persona and its relation to achievements in life, rece wrote: "Let's consider how what you sounds! Can you hear yourself as others I you? Voices may be flat, loud, muffled,

tating, colorful, warm, pleasing."

We cannot separate the sound of our vo from ourselves, and as ministers, we n accept the fact that listeners judge us by manner in which we speak, what we say, how we say it. It is worth a good deal effort to be sure the voice, and manner speaking, reflects what we really wish the who "come seeking" to hear, accept, and co away with them as a foundation upon what to build a better life.

Wire recording facilities offer excellent portunity to study our methods and manner preaching. Listening to the reproduction of Sunday morning pulpit offering will be enlightening experience to many of us.

Salesman's Paper and Shears 'Foreign Cousins' Intrigue Children

Most people agree that "Brotherhood" "One World" are fine concepts, but Will E. Grantz, a 42-year-old insurance salesm 110 Windermere Road, Lockport, N. Y., found a way to bring the ideas down to ea thereby making "foreign cousins" as excit to a youngster as Jack and the Beanstalk.

The basic implements? Paper and she One day 10 years ago, Mr. Grantz watched daughters, Rita and Jean, then 9 and 5, cut out paper dolls. Being an avid reader of trabooks, he wondered why Rita and Jean could learn about how other people live. He d for them a set of paper cutouts depicting I neo natives. On the backs of the figures, wrote simple first person-singular statements how Borneans live and dress.

The girls loved them, and every neight hood child begged for a set. Mr. Grawondered why no one had thought of publing sets of cutouts of this kind. Three yeago, he sold a local publisher on the idea, the first "One World" Cutout-of-the-Monbased on American Indian life, appeared, eleven others, totaling 120,000 copies, he

ablished, each depicting the people, cusciothes, dwellings, transportation, and a animals of such countries as China, Arabia, France, and Mexico. Says Mr. with conviction, "Children are internated things. Give them real and true ation, and they won't build up the Alicenderful dreams. Here is something for Sunday School teachers, and parents to gate and use in preparing present-day in for the responsibilities of a coming

Sitting Teachers erate with Mothers

thers of Barnstable, Mass., offered to act by-Sitters' so the mothers of 100 local in could attend a town-meeting. The is "gratefully joined with other townsvoting a pay increase for the cooperative is:"

Christophers

need for the Patron of Travelers, reputed to carried the infant Jesus safely across altuous stream, the Christophers, founded Rev. James Keller of New York City, is ed to have 300,000 members, including ants, Catholics and Jews, who are asked to ry Christ's precepts of honesty, theorems, love and selflessness into r places of work, their communities, their home life."

Keller is the author of 7 pamphlets, books, among them "You Can Change orld," now reported in its third printing, ost recent 250,000 copies. A news release ing "You Can Change the World" indiche book will be condensed for magazine ation next month.

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ay School "Home Department"

flourishing Home Department of its Sunchool, comprising a membership of 150 children, who are receiving regular homematerial," is reported by St. John's Luth-Church, Phillips, Wisconsin.

aying Christian

Thomas Browne, a beloved physician, "I have resolved to pray more and to always, to pray in all places where quiet-inviteth, in the house, on the highway, on the street; and to know no street or ge in this city that may not witness that e not forgotten God. I pray upon the

sight of any church which I may pass, that God may be worshipped there in spirit, and that souls may be saved there; to pray daily for my sick patients and for the patients of other physicians; at my entrance to any home to say, 'May the peace of God abide here'; and after hearing a sermon, to pray for a blessing on God's truth, and upon the messenger; upon the sight of a beautiful person to bless God for His creatures, to pray for the beauty of such and one's soul, that God may enrich her with inward graces; upon the sight of a deformed person, to pray God to give him wholeness of soul, and by-and-by, to give him beauty of the resurrection."—Epiphany Call, Milwaukee.

Help for Misguided Children

"Children in trouble are the responsibility of the Church" say the members of the Children's Center Committee, Council of Churches, Louisville, Kentucky, and this sincere conviction has helped to arouse the interest of the whole city in this grave problem.

Ministers interested in knowing how "Laymen Can Be United in Deed," "How to House-Clean a Jail," "How to Organize Laymen to be Doers of the Word," write to Gene H. Wise, 241 East Walnut Street, Louisville 2, Ky., for

information.

Marriage and Family Living

"The Secret of a Happy Marriage," Roy A. Burkhart, Harper, \$1.00, will serve as a cherished gift from the officiating pastor at any marriage service. Pockette size, beautifully bound in white with gilt lettering, it contains Inscription page, chapters of instruction and guidance, the ceremony for re-reading and study, a certificate of promise. See this acceptable booklet at your local book dealer.

A folder from Paul's Worship, Inc., 241 East Walnut, Louisville 2, Ky., suggests additional

books as follows:

When You Marry, Duvall, \$3.00.

Conserving Marriage and Family Life, Groves, \$1.75.

Love, Marriage and Parenthood, Overton, \$2.00.

Dedication of Stained Glass

"We are about to dedicate a number of stained glass windows," writes Rev. J. F. Dorman, Trinity Methodist Church, Clayton, N. J., "and I have searched many magazines for suitable material, and did not find too much available for the purpose. I thought, therefore,

that others might be interested in what we shall use in our service."

I make the following suggestions in Scripture readings: Gen. 1: 3 and 4; Exodus 26:17-20; Rev. 21:18-21; John 1:8-9. Of course, other Scripture that may be used will be determined by the subject of the windows.

I have further prepared the following re-

sponsive reading:

Minister: REMEMBERING that God has given us a revelation of His glory thru the view of the spacious firmament and the greater and lesser lights of

People: WE DEDICATE THIS STAINED GLASS

WINDOW

KNOWING that God has cast revealing light upon the world and all the universe,

REALIZING that the Divine has with His brush touched the earth, the seas and the sky with every shade and tint of beautiful color, WE DEDICATE THIS WINDOW. INASMUCH AS God has given man the faculties

of imagination and sight.

WE DEDICATE THIS WINDOW.

BECAUSE God is able to convey His message thru pictured truth and thru the eye of man,

WE DEDICATE THIS WINDOW.

BECAUSE of our interest in the message of the only Saviour for all mankind and our hope for the dissemination of His truth thru the medium of scintillating glass in the portrayal of the message of

WE DEDICATE THIS WINDOW TO THE

MINISTRY OF THE GOSPEL.

BECAUSE we trust that many who behold the Gospel of Christ as light shines thru this window may bow their hearts before the gracious Father and accept the offer of Christ's mercy,
WE DEDICATE THIS WINDOW TO OUR

HEAVENLY FATHER.

SINCE our own hearts have frequently been moved by the artist's portrayal in line and color of the True Light that lighteth every one that cometh into the world,

WE DEDICATE THIS WINDOW, AND AT THE SAME TIME, OUR LIVES UNTO OUR HEAVENLY FATHER.

(Pastors desiring page and volume numbers of The Expositor, containing dedication services, will receive prompt response if requests are addressed to The Expositor, East Aurora, N. Y., and inclose a sumped, correity addressed envelope. Many hundreds of detailed services of dedication have been published in the various volumes of The Expositor.)

Do You Believe?

1—That your church is an important factor in your community;

2-That's its mission, its message and its program merit your loyal response and your hearty cooperation;

- 3—That attendance at its services of worship is a Christian responsibility as well as a divine privilege;
- 4—That everyone should realize that every church is in the biggest business there is, and that churches depend on good business methods as well as on good people;

- 5-That you are expected, as a church mer ber, to support your church according the Lord prospers you;
- 6—That every member of any church is hono bound to recommend his church to his ur churched friends and to welcome them t its services;
- 7—That as long as a church carries on it roll your name as "a member" you arrequired by a sense of duty to pray for it welfare, boost its program, and support it endeavors;
- 8—That we can bear witness of our love for God by our daily conduct, by our financia support to His church and to all Kingdor enterprises—and by our presence in Hi sanctuary at Divine Worship on the Sabbat Day;
- 9-That your church depends upon you an its other members for its spiritual strength its social vision, and its influence an prestige in your community;
- 10-That religion should be man's highest inter est and his major concern?
- N.B. If you believe these things, what are you do about them. "It is later than you thin

-By R. C. Helfenstei

Tithing

- 1. What is meant by the tithe? (Num. 18:21)
- 2. What are the purposes of the tithe? (Acknowledge) elge God's ownership, and man's privilege carry out God's will in relation to that own
- 3. Were the Jews required to give more than tithe? (Yes, see Lev. 27:30-32; Deut. 14 Deut. 14:28-29).
- 4. Did Jesus approve of the tithe? (Matt. 23) Luke 11:42).
- 5. Does the N. T. teach tithing? (Matt. 5:
- 6. Should a Christian contribute more than tithe? (Mark 12:42; Luke 12:57-59; L 21:2).
- 7. How should we determine the tithe? (L 12:54-57).
- 8. Should a Christian tithe if he is in debt? (are in debt to God, before we are in debt t neighbor).
- 9. Should the tithe be paid through the chur (Mal. 3:10)
- 10. What are some of the blessings of tithi Mal. 3:10).

Approval of your conscience. Worthy part in spreading God's word. Sharing in Missionary work.

Putting first things first.

Partnership with God, and just accounting.

-From Church Chimes, Shreveport, L.

If the entire population of the earth were gathe into one area, standing shoulder to shoulder breast to back, they would occupy an area than 11 miles square.



THE DUDIT

JESUS CHRIST IS ALIVE!

AARON N. MECKEL

t: "I am He that liveth, and was dead: ebold, I am alive forevermore . . . '-:18.

MASSACHUSETTS mother recently found herself on the long distance telephone, talking with a son in Europe who en thought to be dead. The newspapers a picture of her across the Land, reher in the act of conversing with her ice radiant with joy, and exclaiming, 'It's y! It's his voice. He is alive!" Some liscovery must lay hold upon Christians orld over. We must be gripped again he certainty that we are the recipients ansmitters of a living Faith with a divine

ving Personality at its heart!

writer recalls sitting by the ocean a immers ago, reading the life of R. W. The time came for Dale, as it will for preacher, when faith seems congealed, and ner glow is dim. Wondering what he preach on Easter Day, it suddenly flashed Dale's questing mind, that the Lord Jesus was alive! "Go tell him," the Voice hat Jesus lives!" And Dale's biographer hat this discovery of a Living Christ re-I dominant in his ministry. That night the ocean on Cape Cod, as I read, the reakers, as they rushed shorewards, and rs in the heavens above, seemed to utter the central fact of creation, that Jesus far from being dead, is alive.

one who knew Him intimately as humanand as Risen Lord state the fact as he it on the lips of the Risen Redeemer; "I that liveth, and was dead; and behold, dive forevermore—and have the keys of

nd of death;"

pose, now that that certainty should hold vly enthralled. What would the result Surely, nothing less than a revolution ar-reaching effects.

ational Church rsburg, Florida

It Routs Cynicism

For one thing, it would put to rout the cynicism and pessimism that characterizes so much of our thinking about history! History, in the human sense, would cease to be a matter of "tomorrow and tomorrow and tomorrow creeps on this petty pace!" History for the Christian believers, is a process, dynamic with meaning and purpose because Iesus Christ and the movement that bears His Name are alive and operative without it. How well I remember my history teacher at college! He was a good and well-intentioned man; but one got the impression in his classes that history was a treadmill of routine dates and happenings, a mere thing of the past. One missed any overtones of heroism and splendor, and was left without much hope for humanity's future. It was a case of Finis-not Telos! Consider the pitifully few lines given to Jesus Christ and the Church in such a book as H. G. Wells' Outline of History!

This secular conception of history is basically false; It omits from its computations the most vital and telling data of all: the fact that in the Crucified and Risen Christ of Christian Faith, a creative and unspent Force and Presence and Power is abroad in this world, working towards a glorious consummation,—a "great divine event towards which the whole creation moves." It needs to be heralded abroad that there is an eternal purpose which God has purposed in Christ Jesus, who is Himself the

Lord of history.

Had you asked of one of the early disciples, his knowledge of world events, he might have stated that he wasn't much "up" on secular events, as such. Oh, to be sure there was Caesar, and Rome, Athens, etc.! But, with a piercing eagerness he would have plied you with the question, "But have you heard of our Saviour? Of the One who was put to death in the flesh by evil men, but who was glorified in the Spirit? Do you know that He lives,

and makes intercession for us at the ighthand of the Father? And in that blunt question would lie the inner, redemptive core of the historical process. "Prophetic religions." writes Walter Marshall Horton, "not only drive towards historical goals, they also think of history as the great medium of divine revelation. and when asked what they believe about God, they tell a story." (Our Eternal Contemporary, p. 161.)

It Would Transform Ecclesiasticism

Now let us go a step farther: think of what would happen to the Church, if over fifty millions of Church members actually believed that Jesus Christ was alive, and waiting to become the motivating, indwelling Presence within the Church which is His Body. result would be nothing less than astonishing, and our threadworn ecclesiasticism would become radically transformed into a Community vibrant with a living history, welding the hearts of men together in a life-giving fellowship. And think of how the people would flock again to the House of Worship, hungry for the proclamation of the Good News, and listen with rapt awe as the Word of Life was being read. In our Church, not long ago, a lad was brought to Church by his father. He looked about him rather quizzically and then turned to his parent with the question, "Daddy, where is Jesus?" It's a legitimate question! And it ought to be asked by every child of God who enters the Fold of the Great Shepherd on the Lord's Day. "Where is Jesus?"

Suppose that the thought of a living Christ should be uppermost in our minds as we plan for Sunday; that parents told their children that to go to Sunday School is to meet and to learn more about One who, far from being dead, is a living, contemporary Person? Would not all our countenances shine with glad anticipation? If going to Church is to make living contact with the Great Head of His Church, then nothing can keep me away! If not, then there is no valid reason for going. Mind you, we cannot, either as laymen or pastors, artificially drum up inspiration! The Church must be visited again with Power from on High.

A pagan chronicle of the First Century observes that the early Christians, at their religious assemblies, sang a hymn to Christ as king. That's precisely the emphasis we need to retrieve in our Christian assemblies today! We must offer ourselves and our worship to Christ as King. How that would deliver our services of "coldness of heart and wanderings of mind!" Our creeds would cease to be obituary notices of past events and become harbingers

of future prophess. Our preaching wh general ancesed blacom-action to men an and inspired withess to One who was d but is "alive forevermore." After many a cession year as a preacher of the Word, (Spargeon said, Give me the Holy Spirit my Bible, and I could go on forever!" awareness of the Living Christ, theo, w transfigure the modern Church.

A New Concept of Immortality

Again, an awareness of the fact of the L

mortality. For the believing Christian, co life is not something that is coming by It is thrillingly contemporary! Nor is conclusion reached at the end of laborious

Christ would revolutionize our concept of

cussion. It is a quality of life here and arrived at by experimental day by day li Hear again the organ tones of our text:

not,-I am He that liveth, and was dead; behold. I am alive for evermore, and have

keys of hell and of death!"

But what proof have we that Jesus Chr. And how may plain folk like ours become aware of that fact? Honesty, of co bids us admit that there is a knowledge which we shall not be aware until we have "translated." However, in our best mom most of us have had some "intimations of mortality." Like Victor Hugo, we, too, telt potentialities within us that defy and haust the span of mere earth-life. Others us that they have experienced moments v their beloved departed seemed so near they were tempted to reach out a hand, then withdrew it remembering that the I ated spirit had left the frail tenement of to "lease a fairer dwelling." But, most of to read the inspired witness of the New T ment is to find oneself in the fellowship people whose hearts are aglow with a sub assurance. They were already in heaven, 'seek the things that are above" where Chri They are already immortal for they talk talk and serve One who has abolished d and brought "life and immortality to lig It was due to this increment of assurance power from above that the primitive Ch strode on the stage of history to bear her ness to a living Savior for all time. The Church of Christ was, and is, a fellowshi risen folk.

While at a meeting of the Massachu Council of Churches a group of us heard fessor Williams of Amherst College speal prayer. It was evident to all that here wa educated layman, distinguished in his t whose words were with power. And we he reason, when presently Dr. Williams he following words out of personal ex-: 'I have found the road to Emmaus!' awareness of the Living Christ revolu-one's thought of immortality and eter-

The New Life Found

lly, belief in a contemporary and living could mean nothing less than this: a al revolution in my life, in which I rewith a new enthusiasm to the revelation sen Lord and Redeemer, and serve Him is cause with quickened zeal! Fullresponse to a living revelation,—therein

essence of Christian living.

ex-serviceman who had been in the thick bat in the late war makes a plea in one leading religious magazines for a lifeand positive faith. Men of his kind are terested in theological trivia, secondary or in chance opinions on religion in i. "We want a clear definition of the of objectives," he writes. And he con"We are not afraid of ultimates. Overe dealt daily in ultimates." moments we all yearn for a redefinition true ultimates and ends of life. And be to God. He has given us the grand te of Christian faith in a Person; in One duresses as on yonder side of the Cross, "I am He that liveth, and was dead; shold. I am alive forevermore." The all important question, then, is this; have I responded to the revelation of life eternal with all the energies of my being? Am I living from day to day, before the inquisitive eyes of fellowmen, as though Jesus Christ had risen? Is not the most disturbing aspect of these postwar years to be found in the fact that many thousands are forgetting the promises they made to themselves and to the God who sustained them in the hour of crisis, and are settling down again into the old ruts of spiritual languor and indifference? God help us if the judgments of these last years leave us no better than we were! Do you recall the stirring words of an old hymn, that could well bear wider use in the contemporary Church? Writes Charles H. Gabriel.

"I'm pressing on the upward way, New heights I'm gaining every day;

Still praying as I onward bound, Lord, plant my feet on higher ground."

When Francis Drake stood on the Isthmus of Panama, and got his first glimpse of the Pacific, he prayed: "Almighty God, of Thy goodness, give me life and leave to sail once

in an English ship upon that sea!"

So be it for us! Truly, if Jesus Christ is alive for us and in us, an unspent Force and Power and Radiance in this sad world, then I too must daily pray the prayer of the inspired hymn writers! "Lord, plant my feet on higher ground'!

THE SUPREME WITNESS

ROY C. HELFENSTEIN

t: "And he bearing hi: cross, went John 19:17. "If any man would come me, let him den; himself, and take up :: daily, and follow me." Lake 9:23.

IE Cross of Christ is the central fact the very heart of Christianity. Jesus bore His Cross, and from His Cross the love ed has illumined the whole world. The of Christ, though erected by the sins of was sanctified by the head of the Christ pore it and who made it God's strongpeal to men and women to turn from rong paths and to seek the right.

Cross was the mode of capital punishin that day-it was the most gruesome of death imaginable. We speak of the

Cross of Calvary as if there had been but one cross erected there. The fact is that there had been hundreds of crosses erected on that same hill top, but only one that counted in God's plan of human redemption. For years death on a cross had been the penalty for agitators who talked against the State. It was the mode of punishment for numerous other offenses as well. Two thieves met their death at the same day and hour as the execution of Jesus. Hundreds of other men had similarly died. Strange then that a Cross should be the central fact of the Christ who was crucified on a cross!

Two enemies of Christianity were conversing on how to make a new religion that would offer only enjoyment and pleasure in this life. The one said, "But there is something lacking in any religion that deals only with one world."

ragregoticael Church City, Iona

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And the other said, "Yes, there is something lacking in any religion that does not have a

Cross as its central fact."

The Cross of Christ bears witness to God's oneness and to His nearness to men. Christ's Cross was one of three that stood on the hill that day-it was the middle cross-'One on either side and Jesus in the midst." The Son of God shared with those two criminals, the one penitent and the other impenitent-He shared with them the agonies and the ignominy of death on a Cross. And thus He bore witness that no matter to what depths of sin men may go, God is willing to be in their midst to save and redeem. The Cross itself was the emblem of ignominy, disgrace, and dishonor; but Christ upon the Cross transformed the Cross into an emblem of love and salvation. The Cross of Christ was not Godappointed, but man invented. But Christ glorified it by His willingness to bear it for all mankind in lighting the way of generations yet unborn that they might find their way to

Time was when the Church had a hard task to try to explain the queries about the Cross. If the Cross was set up by the will of God and appointed of God, what then was the guilt of those who brought Jesus to the Cross? Was Judas really guilty, if, after all, he was enabling God's decree to be carried out? Why was Pilate to be blamed? But we realize that not God but man put up the Cross for the Son of God to be crucified upon-and that the truth, and love-the righteousness, and courage—the divinity and the beauty of Jesus Christ glorified it — and made it not only the emblem but the medium of our salvation. A thing of shame became a thing of glory because the World's greatest lover died upon it to prove to what limit love would go, rather than to compromise. Jesus could have evaded the Cross. He could have died a normal death, had He been willing to compromise with the religious leaders of His day. It was His own love for truth, for God, and for humanity that took Him to the Cross!

"The Cross of Christ is God's suspreme witness of love. "God so loved the world that He gave His only begotten Son that whosoever believeth in Him should not perish, but have everlasting life." The Father's love was matched by that of His only begotten Son. Love is the greatest motive power in Heaven or on Earth. The Cross of Christ is God's beacon light of hope to men and women who have lost their way. It is God's light of confidence for those who are walking in the way that leads to the Homeland of the soul. The

Cross is God's searchlight revealing the inmanities of man and the sins of those we rebel against love and truth. The Cross Christ is God's sunlight of promise dispelled the darkness of death enabling us to look in

The Cross has never lost its power, and never will. In the better moments of our li we realize its significance, we catch its spi "And if I be lifted up from the earth, I v draw all men unto me." The Cross of Ch is to be interpreted in the light of Chris life of love, service, and sacrifice. He we about doing good. Christ's life was a reve tion of God's love, a progressive revelation and the Cross was the culminating act of lo —"It is finished." Arguments about the m acles of Jesus may satisfy some minds, I they disturb other minds that may be equa as sincere. Arguments about the miracles Jesus divide those who have pledged allegiar to the Man of Galilee. But at the Cross Christ all who have pledged allegiance to H unite in reverential admiration and devotic And every sincere Christian, both liberal as conservative alike, respond,-"Love so ama ing, so Divine, demands my life, my love, i all.

At the Cross of Christ, all Christians dra together. The Cross is the final proof of t Fatherhood of God. Jesus' teachings of Father hood, and His story of the Prodigal Son a not enough, but the Cross proves as does not ing else "the Fatherhood of God and the sonship of Christ." A great Scotch Divine w asked by a mother to talk to her daught who had but a few days yet to live. The moth said, "I hope you can get her in." The mi ister went to see the daughter and talke about God's love-told her the story of the Prodigal Son, etc., but got no response, un he told her the story of the Cross. That sto gave light and showed the meaning of all the rest. He went back to the old mother ar said, "I got her in, and I got myself in too The Cross of Christ is the Divine Magn which draws men and women to God today in days past.

The Cross reveals the consequences of sin It reveals the pathway of duty. It is the key stone in the arch of human hope. Take the Cross out of Christianity and you have Jesu alongside of Confucious, Buddha, Socrates, and the rest of that group of noble souls. The Cross reveals the basis of man's hope for for giveness. The Cross reveals the only source of

peace and power.

Nothing but contact with God could have (See page 169

THE CONTEMPORARY CHRIST

MILTON M. THORNE

ext: And lo, I am with you alway, even the end of the world.—Matt. 28:30.

TODAY we are thinking in terms of after Easter. All of us know what happened, historically, between the first Palm Sunand the first Easter morning. The events ling up to and surrounding the crucifixion resurrection are fresh in our minds, for of us, in one way or another, have been ninded of them once again. Crucified, dead, buried on Good Friday, Jesus came forth imphant from the tomb on Easter Day. us was a terrible tragedy turned into a glorivictory. As contrary as the resurrection was normal ways, Christians today accept as valid Easter story. It is more logical to do this n to try to account for it in some other y. That the resurrection was the world's breme miracle nobody denies. But that it o is a historic fact, that it happened, Chrisn folk concur. They may not comprehend, they apprehend. They believe with Paul, and if Christ is not risen, then is our preachvain, and your faith is vain also.

My thought, therefore, is not to stay with e details of the resurrection miracle, but, her, to take the miracle and its resultant ctors and make them minister to our needs day. I choose as my theme, "The Contemrary Christ." The word contemporary means, a sense, to accompany, to run concurrently. lebrities, for example, who live and work the same generation are called contempories. They, in a fashion, go through life gether. They may not be personally quainted, and they may not have ideas in mmon, but if they are alive and making eir peculiar contributions to the race at pracally the same time, they are contemporaries. ul and Peter were contemporaries; Emerson d Longfellow; Lincoln and Lee. In view of I this, the theme of the discourse, "The Conmporary Christ," becomes germane and

The validity of the resurrection we already two reaffirmed. The disciples, although forearned by Jesus, were downcast at His death, hey had "trusted that it had been He which would have redeemed Israel." The defeatist omplex gripped them. Peter and the others, holly undone by the crucifixion, went back their fishing. They had no heart for pre-

tense. They did nothing, therefore, to make it appear that Jesus had risen from the grave, such as stealing away His body. The elders and soldiers concocted that tale. The words of the heavenly visitant, seated at the tomb, were true: "Fear not ye: for I know that ye seek Jesus, which was crucified. He is not here: for He is risen, as He said. Come, see the place where the Lord lay." Yes, Jesus came forth

from the tomb, so that it was empty.

And yet, not many days later, He ascended, body and all. Somehow, doubtless, in the process of ascension, He sloughed off His earthly tabernacle. It had to be, or He could not have become and remained Christ. Human bodies, while they serve a useful purpose, in time become a liability. Dr. Charles E. Jefferson, one of America's great preachers a half century ago, wrote a book called "Cardinal Ideas of Jeremiah," one of many he wrote. In speaking of Jeremiah, Dr. Jefferson said: "It is a great advantage to look at a man twenty-five hundred years away from our time. The controversies have ceased, the fires of passion have died down, the prejudices have lost their magic power to pervert and distort. We can see the man as he was. We can see Lincoln more clearly than we can see Roosevelt or Wilson, because Lincoln has been dead for sixty-two years; and we can see Washington more clearly than Lincoln because Washington has been dead twice as long."

And what applies to Lincoln and Washington applies even more to Christ, the risen Lord. Now that Jesus is no longer in the flesh, He is freer and more universal. While He was embodied in the Nazarene, He was bound by geographical and physical limitations. In the flesh He was a provincial, a Jew, an Oriental. "Is not this the carpenter's Son? Is not His mother called Mary? . . . Whence then hath this Man all these things?" People could not see Christ for His flesh. And, on His part, He was circumscribed by the physical. He could move about only in a very small area. The Psalmist felt the same restrictions, and longed for wings. Jesus was swallowed up in Christ when His mortal put on immortality. When the physical sloughed off, then He began to live in His true element. He no longer was ensmalled by flesh or space or time.

Thus it is that we find the Master saying, after His resurrection, what He could not have said before: "Go ye therefore, and teach all

ethodist Church wannah, Missouri nations, baptizing in the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost: teaching them to observe all things whatsoever I have commanded you: and, lo, I am with you alway, even unto the end of the world." Easter made possible His Omnipresence. Christ as only a first-century Jew could not be contemporary with us. Christ in the body of a man could not ignore geography and time and physical needs, and hence could not be man's companion in all ages and in all places. But Christ, emancipated from the flesh, can fulfill the promise of the text. Hence, out of Easter we get "The Contemporary Christ."

There are two matters which inject themselves here and need to be noticed. One is, What does my belief do to the expectancy of many that Christ soon is to return in the flesh and set up His throne in Jerusalem and rule from that vantage point with an iron hand? The other is, Do our deceased loved ones hover over us as we go through life, ever conscious of what we are doing? Both of these questions are too large for adequate discussion here. But, as regards the second one, I would point out that my idea and the question are not entirely parallel.

The perennial Presence of Christ is an inward rather than an outward phenomenon. Paul, we recall, exclaimed, "I am crucified with Christ: nevertheless I live; yet not I, but Christ liveth in me: and the life which I now live in the flesh I live by the faith of the Son of God, Who loved me, and gave Himself for me." And it was Paul's conscious possession of the Presence and power of the living Lord which enabled him to "do all things." The risen Christ, freed from the tabernacle of the flesh, thus may become part and parcel of every man who wills it so. In that way, verily He becomes "The Contemporary Christ."

The implications of this truth emerge when we analyze our text: "Go ye therefore, and teach all nations." Christianity is the universal religion. It is for all governments and peoples. Mark personalized this commission: "Go ye into all the world, and preach the Gospel to every creature." "All" and "every" are mighty inclusive words. He was with His disciples when He thus spoke. He just as definitely is with us today, some nineteen centuries later. He was contemporary with the twelve, with Paul and Barnabas, with Luther and Wesley, with Asbury and Cartright. And He is Contemporary with the noble workers of the cross today, such as Kagawa, Schweitzer, and Jones. He is Contemporary with you and me, even us. And He needs must be if we are going to achieve His purpose. We cannot go into ALL the

world, we cannot do ALL things, save as is with us and in us.

We are living in hectic times. From a figi ing war, we have drifted into a cold war, a nobody knows when hell may break loo We are living in a day when immorality a sin of endless sorts are on the march. Alcoholic ism, easy divorce, gambling, racketeering, rie ous living, sexual abuses and indulgences a becoming the rule rather than the exception all too rapidly. These things ought not to b and must not be, if civilization is to endu and fructify. Man alone is incapable of su cessfully coping with them. But man is n alone; The Easter story confirms that. Christ d not die and rise again to make men soft, b to make men strong and courageous and vi torious. "And, lo, I am with you alway." Ar today, beholding "The Contemporary Christ we take renewed hope and we move out dare and to do, until the kingdoms of th world shall become the kingdoms of our Lor and of His Christ."

Following the crucifixion, as the legend run Pilate's wife and the centurian who commande the Roman soldiers who nailed Jesus to the cross were talking. "Do you think they kille Him?" the woman asked. "Killed Him! repeated the man. "No; they did not kill Hir They simply have turned Him loose in the world, and nothing can stop Him now." Ther my friends, we have Him: "The Contempara Christ!" Loose in the world, and no pow able to stop Him. "And, lo, I am with yo alway, even unto the end of the world . . I live; yet not I, but Christ liveth in me Therefore, whatever danger arises, or difficult no matter how destructive or vicious, remen ber, "He is loose in the world, and nothing ca stop Him now." Behold, "The Contemporar Christ."

Our God

"The popular God is not great and will no produce a great race! We have toyed with the light, but we have forgotten the lightening. We have rejoiced in the fatherhood of Gobut too frequently the fatherhood we have preclaimed has been throneless and effeminate. If we banish the conceptions which inspirate, we of necessity devitalize the very do trines of grace, and if grace is emasculated the faith becomes anaemic, and we take away the very tang and pang from the sense of sin.

-J. H. Jowett.

What was the conception of Christ amor men while he walked on this earth?

-The Christian Statesman.

THE UNCHANGEABLE CHRIST

CLARENCE EDWARD MACARTNEY

xt: Hebrews 13:8—"Jesus Christ, the yesterday, today, and forever."

HERE are some texts which frighten the preacher and yet haunt him. They seem almost too great to preach on, and yet too great to neglect or omit. Here is of those texts. No matter how often a man at preach on it, he would leave it feeling he had touched only the margin of its continent of divine truth. When you proice this text, "Jesus Christ, the same yestertoday, and forever," a great chord is struck great harmonies are evoked. The full us of the Christian faith sounds in your All the music of the patriarchs, the bhets, the martyrs, and the holy angels, the ic of Creation and Incarnation and Redemp-, the music of the final triumph of Christ, n great voices shall be heard in heaven ng, "Alleluia, Alleluia, for the Lord God ipotent reigneth, and the kingdoms of this ld are become the kingdoms of our Lord of His Christ."

If the old days when men used to ford the llen rivers, a rider who looked at the flood apt to become dizzy and fall from his se, and be swept away and drowned. But the fixed his eye upon some distant and novable object, a jutting rock on the hiller, a great oak tree, or a mountain top, he to through in safety. On this journey of a you and I must cross many a swollen than, and we live today in a world that is ept by mighty floods of change. It will be od, therefore, for us to fix our gaze upon immutable and eternal Christ, the same terday, today, and forever.

Christ Is Immutable In His Person

He is the same today that He was yesterday; same yesterday as He is today; the same norrow, and forever, that He is today, and

He was yesterday. How far back the was the same yesterday. How far back at yesterday carries us! Before the foundants of the earth were laid, and before the puntains were brought forth, Christ was the smal Son of God. Before the morning stars ag together and the sons of God shouted for y; Christ was all then that we know Him to now. He was the same when man fell, and

the first promise of His advent as redeemer was given, that the seed of the woman should bruise the head of the serpent. He was the same when Abraham rejoiced to see His day; when Moses wrote of Him; when Balaam saw His sceptre rise out of Israel and His star out of Jacob; when David sang of His everlasting kingdom; when Isaiah described His passion and death; when John the Baptist called Him a Lamb of God; when the star of Bethelehem halted over His incarnation; when He spake the parables of truth and wrought the miracles of mercy; when He was denied by Peter and betrayed by Judas and expired amid curses and darkness on the cross. He was the same when He rose the third day from the grave and ascended into heaven; the same when Stephen saw Him standing at the right hand of God; when He appeared to Paul at the gates of Damascus, and when John saw Him standing amid the seven golden candlesticks on the Isle of Patmos. He was the same when Augustine and Chrysostom and Calvin and Luther and Whitefield and Spurgeon and Moody preached His Gospel to sinners. He was the same when your father and mother loved Him and followed Him. He was the same when you confessed His name and gave Him your early love. All that He was yesterday, He is today. Jesus Christ the same yesterday, today, and forever.

The Immutability of Christ as a Teacher

A great philosopher once said that man's three great questions are these: What can I know? What ought I to do? For what can I hope? Christ as a teacher answers all three questions. Man can know God because he can know Christ who reveals Him. His duty is to do the will of God; and what he can hope for is life everlasting.

As a teacher, as one who answers life's great questions, Christ never changes. This is in contrast with all other teachers. Human systems come and go; the applauded science of today may be the jest of tomorrow. But Christ abides the same. One of the striking things about the teaching of Jesus is that you cannot think of a single saying of His that has been rendered obsolete by the passage of time. "Blessed are the pure in heart." 'Seek ye first the Kingdom of God." 'Judge not, that ye be not judged." "Love one another." Which of these sayings is out of date or obsolete today? What Jesus taught on the shores of Galilee or on the banks

rst Presbyterian Church ttsburgh, Pennsylvania of the Jordan, He teaches today on the banks of the Thames or the Ohio. What He taught in the streets of Jericho or Capernaum or Jerusalem, He teaches today in the streets of London and New York and Pittsburgh and Chicago. As a teacher He has stood successfully that severest of all tests, and that foe of all error—time.

What Christ said about God, the soul, sin, heaven, and hell, is ever the same and ever true. As long as the heart has passions, as long as life has woes, as long as man has hopes, the words of Christ will speak to his soul. Nothing that has transpired, nothing that has been done, or said, or taught, or discovered in the nineteen centuries which have passed since Jesus spake to man on the shores of the Sea of Galilee has raised the slightest question as to the truth of that utterance of His, "Heaven and earth shall pass away, but my words shall never pass away." He towers over the wrecks of time. He is Alpha and Omega, the first and the last, the beginning and the end of wisdom and knowledge, and He alone has the keys of death and of hell.

Christ Is Immutable as a Redeemer from Sin

The Cross is an eternal Act as well as an eternal Fact. It reaches back into all eternity, for Christ is the Lamb of God slain from the foundations of the world. It reaches forward to the eternal ages, when Christ is forever the Redeemer of His people; for when the windows and doors of heaven are pried open for us for a little by the inspired pencil of St. John, that is the music that we hear floating down upon our ears, that is the song that stirs us, the song of redemption from sin: "Now unto Him that loved us and hath washed us from our sins in His own blood."

Wherever you see Christ in the Scriptures, He is the Saviour from sin. There are those who seek to tell us today that this is not the real Christ, that He has been foisted upon the Church by ecclestiastics, theologians, and meta-physicians, and that we must get rid of Him and go back to the real Jesus of history. Since all my hope rests upon this Christ, I want to know whether or not He is the real Christ, and the same yesterday, today, and forever. To whom shall I go? I will go to the Archangels who sang His praise before the foundations of the world, and I will say to them, "Raphael, angel of Reason, Uriel, angel of Light, Michael, angel of the Sword, Gabriel, angel of Holy Song, is the Christ whom I believe and trust the same whom you adored?" And all heaven echoes with their answer, "He is the same!" I will go to Abraham, who rejoiced to see His

day, and to Moses who wrote of Him, at will say to them, "Is the Christ whom I low the same whom you foretold?" And wone voice they answer, Abraham from Moriah, and Moses from Mt. Sinai, "He the same!"

I will go to David and I will say to h "David, sweet singer of Israel, is the Ch in whom I trust the same about whom sang," And with all the music of the Psa David answers, "He is the same!" I will to Isaiah, and I will say to Him, "Is the Ch. whom I trust the same of whom you wro who was wounded for my transgression a bruised for mine iniquity?" And with all t seraphic eloquence Isaiah answers, "He is t same!" I will go to John the Baptist, and will say to him, "Is the Christ whom y hailed by the banks of the Jordan as the Lar of God that taketh away the sin of the wor the Christ in whom I trust and believe?" A with his great wilderness voice John answe "He is the same!"

To whom else can I go? I will go to Joh and I will say to him, "Is the Christ in who I trust the Christ upon whose breast y leaned at the supper, and whom you saw the Isle of Patmos in the midst of the Sev Golden Candlesticks?" And with all the mus of the Apocalypse, with all its trumpets soun ing, John answers, "He is the same!" I w go to Paul, and I will ask him, "Is the Chr in whom I put my trust the Christ w appeared to you at the gates of Damascus, as for whose sake you endured prison and sic ness and exile and scourging and shipwre and loneliness and death itself?" And wi the music of the third heaven to which he w once admitted, Paul answers, "He is the same I will go to that Thief who repented on the cross, and I will say to him, "Penitent thief, the Christ in whom I trust the same who said thee from the Cross, 'Today thou shalt be wi me in Paradise'?" And with the voice of the Redeemed, the Dying, but now forever Li

ing, Thief, answers, "He is the same!"

Where else can I go? I will leave behin
me all the ages of Christian faith, and standir
before the throne of God, I will ask the who
company of the Redeemed, those who hav
washed their robes and made them white
the blood of the Lamb, "Is the Christ in who
I trust the same to whom now you sing you
praise and adoration?" And with the sever
fold chorus of heaven they answer, "He is the
same!"

Jesus Christ, the same yesterday, today ar forever! There is another word that I wou like to add to that great text: "Jesus Christians" me yesterday, today, forever, and for 'I have spoken about Christ. Now let

esent Him to you!"

is the Christ for your Yesterday. Have been mistakes, blunders, failures, disnice, hardening of the heart, lost oppors which now you cannot find, no, not seek them carefully and with tears? there been words spoken which you like to withdraw, but you cannot? Have been deeds done which you would give a possess if you could undo them? Here, is the Christ for you. The Christ for your day, the Christ who said, "Though your eas scarlet, they shall be as white as

is the Christ for your Today. Are there burdens that you are bearing? Are there losses, sorrows, wounds, temptation, ness, fightings within and fears with-This then is the Christ for you. He is all ent for your Today, and He invites you me unto Him and cast your every care

Him.

is the Christ for your Tomorrow. Yest, Today, Forever! Who can tell about omorrow, that unknown world, that undisced continent, over which lies the shadow decrtainty? What we know is that there be separations, that the strength and pride is will pass, that our kingdom of this will fade from our vision. But here is that can lead you safely through that own future. He is the changeless Christ. Ever tomorrow will bring, He will be with you. Tomorrow cannot separate you Him, for He has said, "Lo, I am with always." And you can answer, "Who can are us from the love of God which is in the Jesus?"

us Christ, the same Yesterday, today, and rer. Have you finished the sentence? If will you finish it now, today? Will you our name there, after His? Will you say, s Christ, the same Yesterday, Today, For-

and For ME"?

UNIOR PULPIT

ing Paths

st after our last heavy snow, I saw some and girls playing a game which took me in memory to days when we used to the game in my childhood days.

rst the ones who are going to play, run, e file in a large circle in the snow until

they have a nice path marked out. Then they make the same sort of a path straight across the circle, from one side to the other. We used to make four of those paths although I don't suppose it makes any difference how many you make. Anyway, if you could look down on the pattern the paths made, from above, it would look just like a big wheel with eight spokes, with a hub at the center of the wheel. The hub is of course, just a circular center, maybe about five or six feet across, stomped down in the snow where the paths cross.

That hub-like center is the safety spot. You are safe while you stay in it, but only one person at a time can be in the safety zone, and when another player comes into it, the one who was there first is no longer safe. He has to run. And the game is played just like the ordinary game of tag. One player is "it." He chases the others until he can tag one, and that one is then "it." Only in this game players have to stay in the paths that were made in the snow.

But, I was not so much interested in the game the boys and girls were playing as I was in the making of the paths. For when I first look out on that yard after the snow, it was unmarked, just a beautiful yard of pure, white, clean snow.

When the first boy started out to mark the circle, each footstep he took left just one little mark and didn't spoil the beauty of the newly fallen snow very much. But each boy or girl who followed after him left their footsteps in the snow also, and before long there was a continuous unbroken path through the snow instead of just a few marks of their feet scattered here and there.

And that is just exactly what happens in a pure clean life. At first it is every bit as clean, and pure and unmarked as newly fallen snow. Then come the footprints left by wrong words, and wrong thoughts, and wrong deeds. The first few of them do not seem to make much difference. What is one bad word, or one bad act? They can't possibly make much difference, we think. But remember that white, unspoiled snow. Remember that those paths that the players of the game stayed in started with just one footmark, and soon, because that one footstep became many, the paths were made. Just so, whether in the snow or in our hearts and lives, all paths, whether they are right paths for us to take or wrong, start with one little step at a time.

Guard Thou our feet.

An Easter Cocoon

Last fall a friend of mine found a big cocoon hanging in his back yard, on a little twig on a lilac bush. He had never seen one quite as large, so he broke the little branch on which the cocoon hung, brought it into the warm house and put it on the mantle over the fire-place in his living room, and forgot it until recently.

A short time ago he went into the living room and there on the end of the mantle he found a beautiful big Cecropia moth, a beautiful big fellow with pretty marks on his wings the shape of crescents. The moth had come

out of that dead looking cocoon.

Last fall there had been a big and not a very pretty caterpillar. He had just about lived his caterpillar life so he started to spin a silken thread and as he made the thread he wove himself a winter coat which covered his entire body, and he fastened one end of it to the little lilac twig, and was soon ready.

To all practical purposes he was dead. He was certainly dead as a caterpillar, and yet out of that little grave-like cocoon he came in the form of a very beautiful butterfly or moth.

And that is a very good example of the

lesson Easter teaches us.

Just as with the caterpillar, and all other living things, the time will come when we are through with our bodies, and we too will lie down for our final sleep. But the same loving Father who changed the caterpiller into a lovely moth and gave it a new and beautiful body, will do exactly the same thing for everyone who loves Him and keeps His commandments.

Jesus died and was buried, and on the third day He rose again from the dead and ascended into Heaven. And because He went ahead to show us the way, we know that we too will follow in His steps and be with Him forever.

Making Mistakes

Did you ever make a mistake? Of course you have, for everybody makes mistakes, lots of them, and when you meet a boy or a girl or even an older person who claims he never made a mistake you can be sure he has never

made anything else, either.

Lots of folks, especially little folks, feel that a mistake is something to be ashamed of, but it is no such thing. Don't be ashamed of your mistakes or try to hide them. Making a mistake is not something that is bad or hurtful unless you make the same mistake over and over again. Then it is bad and something to be ashamed of, for we all learn, or should

learn from the mistakes we make and wh we do learn from them, we are not going

make the same one repeatedly.

You know that Thomas Edison was the m who made the first electric light, but he didi make it the first time he tried to. He ma many trips and sent helpers out all over t world looking for the right kind of materi from which to make the little wire that glov inside of our electric light bulbs. He wou try one material and find that he had made mistake in thinking it would do. So he tri some other kind of material. He tried countle times, only to find he had made a mistake wi each kind he tried. Finally, after many, man trials and many many mistakes, he did find the right kind of material and as a result o homes and streets, and cars, and buildings a all bright as daylight because they are lit these little lights that Edison produced.

Now one thing that his story tells us that if we don't'succeed when we first try, we should keep on trying until we do succeed But the lesson I think is even more importated for us than that has to do with our mistaked Mr. Edison made hundreds of mistakes, be never made the same mistake twice. When he tried one kind of material to make his light shine and found it didn't work, he learned by that mistake and never made it again. If grew wiser each time he made a mistake at finally he succeeded and gave the world of its greatest blessings, electric light.

So don't be afraid to admit that you may mistakes, but remember when you have may one, you mustn't make the same one again If you remember that and keep on trying you too will find life for you can be brighter even than if it was lighted by thousands of Mr. Ed

son's electric lights.

Prayer

Father, I scarcely dare to pray,
So clear I see, now it is done,
That I have wasted half my day,
And left my work but just begun.

So clear I see that things I thought Were right or harmless were a sin:

So clear I see that I have sought, Unconscious, selfish aims to win.

So clear I see that I have hurt
The souls I might have helped to
save;

That I have slothful been, inert, Deaf to the calls Thy leaders gave.

In outskirts of Thy kingdom vast, Father, the humblest spot give me; Set me the lowliest task Thou hast; Let me, repentant, work for Thee!

ILLUSTRATIONS

tatoes and Point

v. 23:7. "As a man thinketh in his heart" tt. 6:16-22. "The light of the body is the ye."

e 6:20-21. "Blessed are ye that weep now;

or ye shall laugh."

s 26:2. "I think myself happy, King

Agrippa."

Potatoes, for months at a time, were the lusive diet of many families in Ireland until latter part of the 19th century. The people so poor that they could not afford any er food, not even salt. Consequently, they ald "dine on potatoes and point"—pretend-that they added a flavor to each mouthful pointing to a bottle in the center of the le which contained a little salt, a piece of ese or a preserved bit of fish or bacon. Idren who had been guilty of misbehaving the sometimes punished by being forbidden to the imaginary flavor by pointing at the the."—From "Keep Up With the World," their's by special permission.

lding the Tone

br. 4:14-16. "Let us therefore come boldly into the throne of grace . . . and find grace o help in time of need."

One of our essayists tells us that he once and a number of highly colored stones set on a table in an artist's studio, and asked it purpose. "They are there to keep my eye to tone," said the artist. He explained that, he kept mixing paints on his palette to get tints required, his sense of color was weakd, and by having these stones of pure color ide him, he brought it up again.

Sunday can bring the human heart and mind to tone again, and enable us to begin each wweek's life on a high and true tone level.

Reynold B. Boden.

ance Designs

Cor. 1:21. "God by the foolishness of breaching . . ."
Cor. 2:24. "Things of the Spirit are fool-shness to him."

From London, England, comes the story of mitting machine that went beserk, and cred a new fashion. Mill workers discarded a gth of rayon jersey material because the needle got mixed up and knitted a crazy pattern of stripes and checks. A fashion designer saw the piece by chance, and a dress made of it became a "hit" at a fashion show.

Textile manufacturers said they could duplicate the haphazard design only by loosening bolts and otherwise throwing their machines out of joint.

Many of the lessons Jesus taught to his followers were looked upon as crazy patterns, when viewed from the accepted standards then, and even now. Listen! (Read Matt. 4:23-25;5:1-16).

A Good Turn

Romans 12:17. "Recompense to no man evil for evil."

Solly Manasse, who had spent 44 months in a Japanese prison camp, after the Bataan death march, walked into the Los Angeles, California, office of *CARE* on March 11, 1949, plunked down \$100.00, saying, "This is for CARE packages for Japan! I think we need a few more gestures of international friendship."

Clips Every Bud, Save One

Matt. 16:24-25. "If any man will come after me. let him deny himself . . ."
Phil. 3:12-14. "But this one thing I do . . ."
Matt. 6:24. "No man can serve two masters . ."

A man told me recently of a relative of his who grows prize dahlias, and attributes his unusal success in this variety of gardening to the fact that he grows the dahlias in ashes and then clips off every bud except *one*, allowing only that *one* to come to maturity.

I was struck by the fact that the really great lives in history have been grown in ashes and have had every bud pinched off except one. Abraham Lincoln's life grew in the ashes of sorrow, discipline and failure; a man with one object in life, the preservation of the Union, and the freeing of peoples held in bondage.

St. Paul's life grew out of the ashes of renounced ambition, physical pain and hardship. Our Lord's life grew out of the ashes—sorrow, rebuff, persecution — every bud that might have developed and blossomed forth to His own personal glory and advancement was broken off, that the great flower of His Fidelity to God might come to full and glorious bloom

Great lives are grown in ashes, — great because they have one strong purpose.—Dr. Earl L. Douglass.

Let Us Respond

John 14:24. "The word which he heard is not mine, but the Father's which sent me." John 7:37, Rev. 3; Rev. 7:16.

The world today needs a spiritual awakening, more than it needs any other discovery. It will come only through God's Holy Spirit; through this Spirit, He will incarnate again the soul of man. The inpouring process is slow at first; as man awakens, the flow becomes equal to the awakening, until the soul grabs the secret of its purpose, and its relationship to its Creator. Then the soul of man may look to the Great Light, and a new power is his; faith takes the place of blundering despair and fear, and our little human hearts become great enough to accept the Christ. The light of His Presence is then in our midst as it was in the centre of life years ago.

Jesus Christ, the Son of God, stands in the streets of our cities, villages, and in the great factories, yea, and on the now silent battle-fields; He stands in the countrysides, and on the slopes of mountains, giving the Light to direct the course of man's progress! He points the way for man to reach the Kingdom of God. Let us respond, through His grace!—Frederick

A Mother's Love

Barrie's "Margaret Ogilvy," the so tender picture of his old Scotch mother, of life and love in that unpretentious home, is all-sufficient comment. Who can read it without tears? Barrie's mother's love was nothing less than an expression of God to him. The book might be quoted as an expression of what human affection can do, warming soul, transfiguring and inspiring a life, shooting it through and through with the bright radiance of beauty and meaning. He said, "When you looked into my mother's eyes you knew as if He had told you why God sent her into the world . . . it was to open the minds of all who looked to beautiful thoughts. These eyes have guided me through life, and I pray God they may remain my only earthly judge to the last.—C. Irving Benson.

Mothers

A nation is as strong as its mothers' arms and love, and it soars only as high as its mothers' idealism.

Great heights climbed by noble feet have been climbed earlier in the hearts and souls of mothers who guided those climbing feet.

Mothers exert the most beneficial pull upon a human spirit that the world knows. Some mothers strain the ties of love and wisdom to cover all a child's needs, instead giving God a chance.

The power of a nation is manifested church-going familes — fathers, mothers, at the children—as a unit.

In parental love, we find a clear view God and his heaven.

If mothers will it, corruption can be route in any community.

Mothers build the world's leaders, through their faith in God, and its application to the tasks as mothers.—*Richard K. Morton*.

History of Mankind Directed by God

Isa. 7:13-16. "The Lord himself shall give you a sign . . ."
Prov. 16:9; 21:1.

As the birth of the Saviour in Bethlehe of Judea was the fulfillment of the word God, so mankind has continued in its forward march through the will and guidance of A mighty God. The Reformation, inaugurated I one man according to history, could never have been accomplished had not God controlled the hearts and actions of the principal actors of th dramatic event. Of every advance in the hi tory of man, the same divine selection leaders is the first step; their guidance and pr tection is God's work, although we may n recognize his handiwork at the time. "I have girded thee though thou hast not known me Prayerful yielding to God's will and guidan through these times of trial and testing is a that is required of man; God is amply able select the leaders and show them the way.

Christian Advocate.

Sow, If You Would Reap

Ex. 18:20. "Thou shalt teach them lau and show them the way wherein they mu walk, and the work that they must do."

We are admonished to "Sow, if we wou reap," and many fail to realize that this only half the truth involved. If we do n sow, we do not reap, but we find there another problem to deal with, that is wh develops in the space and season where we neglected to sow. Nothing remains statisthings either grow better, or they deteriorate what of the unoccupied house? the unuscended the unoccupied house? the unuscended the unoccupied house the unuscended the unoccupied house the unuscended the unoccupied house? The unexpressed gratitude? the neglect of citizenship duties?

If we neglect the education of our children in the great privileges rightfully theirs, which includes the heritage of the Christian Church

responsible citizenship, their minds do not ain idle; they will learn from a thousand facts the very opposite of the teachings of its Christ, the way in which they should k, and the work they must do in their mayears.—Bowes.

sus Stood Alone

be 23:39-46. "He was withdrawn from bem and kneeled down and yed"

olitude of the soul is a deep and abiding of the life of every individual. We are ne! Our inner lives are hidden from all, ecially our life of thought; each must think himself. Truth can be a fact for us only so as we can recognize and accept it individual. No one can do this for us, the task is ours ne. Jesus stood alone against the world; ough Him, we can do the same thing in port of right and justice.—Painter.

sus, In Our Place

1. 16:22. "And the goat shall bear upon him their iniquities . . ."

eter 3:18. "For Christ suffered for sins, the ust for the unjust, that he might bring us o God."

When an old African chief first heard the cy of Christ's redeeming love, he jumped his feet and cried: "O Jesus, away from re, that is not your place, it is mine! E. aley Jones, who relates this incident in arist for Every Road," adds, "We may not it so dramatically, but we feel it none the struly; it is our place, not his. The sins are so, the suffering caused by us, and the cross our place,—but Jesus made it all his for our ration."

Holman Hunt conceived the idea of painting the Scapegoat" in order to show mankind at Jesus did for the salvation of man. In the er to get the proper background for his ck, he journeyed to the savage and barren ntry south of the Dead Sea, there to paint colors of the desert, setting forth the wild the in his natural haunts. It was a perilous to the for roving bands preying upon the life of desert might descend upon him at any time, painted with a loaded gun under his left. But, the artist accepted the dangers and dships cheerfully, in order to present to world the wonderful message of the Scapet, the "sinbearer" of ancient tribes.

—Amos R. Wells.

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BOOKS

QUAKERS IN THE MODERN WORLD.

By William Wistar Comfort. Macmillan. 212 pp. \$2.50.

Here is a timely and thought-provoking book from the pen of Doctor Comfort, President Emeritus of Haverford College. It is a running resume of the Quaker movement from the "beginnings" to the present day, comprising fourteen stimulating chapters. The author is well prepared to give this resume, what with his life-long place of fellowship and leadership within the Society of Friends. He does so with unusual capacity both to select the right historical material and to interpret the movement with an eye to its relevance to our times.

Of special value to the reader who is not a Quaker are the chapters on "Spirit versus Letter," "The Foundation Tenets of Quakerism," "Quakers as Citizens," and "Concern for Social Order." The historical episodes from the lives of the men and women who set the pattern for Quakerism, as well as the insights and expositions of Quaker doctrines which mingle in effective manner in these chapters are aspects of this volume so dear to the mind and heart of thoughtful people.

Doctor Comfort has put his own people in his debt as much as the people within the Christian family outside the Quaker fold, His portrayal of the Quaker ideals for home life, vocations and avocations, education, race relations, peace and war is unusually informative and helpful. The truth is, this book is an extremely useful manual on the principles and methods of growth in the spiritual life. One cannot read it without sensing that in spite of our so-called forms and ceremonies in the Christian Church-at-large we are essentially one in our basic creed and purpose. Certainly to read this presentation of Quaker history and ideals is to understand more appreciatively the faith, courage, and zeal of the Friends who have made themselves felt in such large and redemptive measure in our day,—John W. McKelvey.

THE BIOGRAPHY OF A MIND. By Ernest Pye. THE CHRISTIAN RELIGION AND HUMAN PROGRESS.. Edited by Ernest Pye. Lakeside Press.

In these volumes Dr. Pye, educator and relief worker in Turkey, Asia Minor and Greece for many years, presents Edward I. Bosworth, fellow alumnus of Oberlin, later dean of its theological seminary, world traveler and lecturer. This he does by a quiet and careful presentation of the thoughts of Dr. Bosworth and the influences they set in motion. In the first, Dr. Pye speaks from his personal knowledge. In the second, Dr. Bosworth speaks through his many addresses, culminating in those of the 1927 Spring Lectures at the School of Religion at Athens.

The Biography gives some fifty pages to data of the usual biographical sort, and over four hundred to "The Permanent in Bosworth" and "The Search for Reality." Here, as in the Addresses, religion is seen as the out-reach of the human spirit to Deity, by commitment and devotion to some Deity and attempting to organize life according to the desire of that Deity. The Christian religion is that which Christ experienced and proposed to lead men into. The scientific spirit may be used in religious inquiry, and life changed by the Christian ideas of pain and suffering, progress aided by prayer and true Christian living. Human progress was definitely affected by Jesus' life and personality, and by his death, and so continues in life after death. Other studies are based on Paul,

and such practical ideas as "The Fine Art of Ge on With Men."

The biography illustrates these themes of Addresses by showing the inner life of the speaker "The Life of the Spirit, Rational Plus—Bosworth King" a chapter in which is compared the attitude truth of these two great educators.

The Biography is enriched by quotations at beginning of each chapter, and both are well inde Many references to The Kur'an and The Gospe Buddha show the wide range of materials used. even more helpful than the content may be the sideration of "Bosworth's Technique In Attaining Life of God in the Souls of Men" suggesting men lowed him not just because of his brilliance, but recause of a sturdy quality of mind which "honest in truth seeking, gracious and cogent in tutterance."—Claude Richmond.

SECULAR ILLUSION OR CHRISTIAN REALISM? By D. R. Davies. Macmillan. 111 pp. \$2.00.

The author of this book believes that modern has been living under a great illusion. What is illusion? "From uneasy awareness of incompleter limitation and frustration, modern man has advant to an obsession of self-confidence. This is 'the gillusion.'"

Three forms of this illusion are cited: the belie man's power to create a Utopia on earth; the fidence that psychoanalysis can change the perman underlying condition of the human soul into u from division; the belief that man's sense of guilt be erased through educational progress. He calls three areas the social, the psychological and the mor spiritual. He feels that our illusion has caused to underestimate the depth of the impasse into who modern man has fallen. To support his thesis he ga thoroughgoing analysis of the doctrine of origin as it applies to our contemporary situation.

The author does not leave the reader with a fee of permanent frustration, however. His chapter "The Only Radical Solution" gives an answer to predicament. "The one fundamental remedy for ma plight is that human nature shall be radically created, re-fashioned, so that society will be a henceforth to act, not out of the centre of self-v but from a new centre transcending all the separa isolated egoisms of individuals." He does not l for the complete Christianization of humanity in generation. "The problem of man in history will finally solved beyond history." He then proceeds argue for a process of Christianization of individu as our primary task. This cannot be done with bringing them into the Church, as the community wh God has founded to be "the organ of the Kingdom God in history." The Church safeguards the person repentance from being a purely personal one, give it social context.

This book provokes thought. Its style is popule enough to permit its use in an adult study group, appendix gives a few questions for study circles Kendig Brubaker Cully, Ph.D.

HARK TO THE TRUMPET. By Joseph M. Gettys. John Knox Press. 195 pp. \$2.50.

This book is appropriately named, for it sounds trumpet of warning for our times of moral and spatial crises. The rich background that gives force these warnings is the trumpet sound of the . Testament prophets that declared the will of G in great world crises that were similar to those if generation is experiencing. The author's "concern to catch the voice of the eternal God, who spoke is

speaks to the world through the inspired writings he Hebrew prophets."

nce the author's main purpose is to discover the sage of the prophets for their crucial times, and to by their relevancy for our day, his approach is ological rather than critical. This he does with a oldarly understanding of his subject and with a cor's solicitude for the people of the world parish. The Gettys has succeeded in bringing the Hebrew chets from the obscurity of the seventh and eighth turies before the Christian era, and has set them the center of this atomic age. This book offers help find a vital faith for abundant living. It is ellent as a text book for study courses.—J. J. siler.

PEROR FREDERICK II. By David Einstein. losophical Library. 420 pp. \$4.50.

he struggle between church and state seemed to ne to a head during the reign of Frederick, last of Holy Roman Emperors, and grandson of Frederick barossa. Heir as a mere child to the kingdom ch his ancestors had conquered in Sicily and thern Italy, he was raised under the guardianship Innocent III. To get rid of Otto, Innocent III did at the papacy had long feared, united Germany and thern Italy under one ruler. As Frederick grew his ependence asserted itself. He wanted to rule the te without interference from the church. He tried to ine the struggle as one between himself and the son of the pope, as distinguished from the church. most of the people failed to grasp the distinction. The church was so interwoven with the life of the te that government could not function without apwal of the papacy. Communication was difficult. re the church held an advantage since news could spread to the smallest parish by the church, and en this means was closed to the ruler he had a ficult time to get his side of the case to the people. The morals of the age were very low and Frederick lowed therein. Eastern influences seemed to outigh western influences in his life. He fostered learnfounded the University of Naples, and came into affict with the church because he did so. He is gely responsible for breaking up Germany into small tes through his many grants of land. His codes of vs were far advanced for his day.

At the Council of Lyons Innocent IV had this council communicate and depose Frederick. Never before if the church in itself deposed a ruler. From that he forth Frederick's doom was sealed. Eighteen years her his death his line, Hohenstaufen, was ended.

But the struggle continued. In some respects the w learning was in the air. The Reformation, too, s beginning to grow.

Students, pastors, scholars and all others interested this important century, the thirteenth, will want to ad this book. Frederick was far from being a saint, the personifies a struggle which exists even to this y. The author calls Frederick "a magnificent modern a dark and gloomy age." Looking about us, with ratomic fission products, one wonders if "modern" es not need a new infusion of the Gospel. Still, for understanding of the thirteenth century, this volume a good entry.—W. R. Siegart.

TE BEST OF G.A. STUDDERT-KENNEDY. Selected on his writings by a friend. Harper. 173 pp. \$2.00. G. A. Studdert-Kennedy was a sort of idol of many igious persons during the period following World ar I. One of his friends anonymously has collected by the representative writings from the man's pen. It is

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one in a series of books being published by Harper and Brothers presenting "the best" of the writings of out-

standing preachers of the past.

The book opens with a tribute to Studdert-Kennedy from the pen of William Temple, late Archbishop of Canterbury. Dr. Temple refers to Studdert-Kennedy's distinctive personality, with which his message was inseparably bound. He cites the preacher's passion for social justice, his inclusive, catholic, conception of the Church, and his conception of God. "The Cross became the centre of all his faith in God."

Studdert-Kennedy's style was down-to-earth, crispy, trenchant. One can see that in the very titles he gave to some of his pieces; for example, "Why Aren't All the Best Chaps Christians?" "Democracy and the Dog Collar," "Food for the Fed-up," "The Warrior, the Woman and the Christ." In addition to sermons there are brief essays. A series entitled "The New Man in Christ" represents a selection from more formal retreat addresses.

The collection includes excerpts from the collected poems of Studdert-Kennedy, "The Unutterable Beauty." Here is the famous, much-quoted "When Jesus Came to Golgotha they hanged him on a tree," ("Indifference"), and there are other less-known poems worthy of new familiarity. Some of the man's poetry was not of high literary merit, but a passionate Christianity shines through most of it.—Kendig Brubaker Cully, Ph.D.

WE WORSHIP TOGETHER. By Mary G. Martin. Judson Press. 229 pp. \$2.25.

The first part of this volume, by an experienced leader in Religious Education, deals with the meaning of worship for younger children, and includes suggestions for the preparation of the worship-room where the children are to meet for the service; more important, there are suggestions for the preparation of the leader who will lead the service.

The volume includes worship services for weekly or monthly schedules to serve volunteer leaders not familiar with program-building to support specified themes; also as a basis for the use of experienced leaders seeking inspiration, or specific ideas on theme development. The author is experienced in the field of Religious Education.

TILL HE COME. A Study of the Lord's Supper. 124 pp. THY KING COMETH. Sermons Preparing for the Lord's Supper. 144 pp.

By Fred H. Lindemann. Ernst Kaufmann. \$2.00.

Both these volumes by the pastor who has served for seventeen years in Trinity Lutheran Church, Long Island City, New York, and has for a long time wrought with ability and zeal to restore to the Church the blessings it has lost in its sad neglect of the great Sacrament, well deserve and will amply repay careful reading by all Christians.

The first of these volumes, which are companions, contains an illuminating introduction in which occurs this statement which illustrates the author's viewpoint: "One of the foremost tasks of the Church is to restore the Lord's Supper to its historical place, the place our Lord intended for it in the faith and life of the believer. If we do this, we shall surely find that the Sacrament is our Lord's solution for every problem and His remedy for every ill." Many will consider this an over-emphasis. Yet there are times when over-emphasis are required for extreme neglects and failures such as obtain in this case. The author treats his subject under chapters on the Lord's Supper in the Apostolic, Post-Apostolic and Reformation periods, as a means of grace, with relation to the Church, the memorial aspect, and The Lord's Supper

and the Kingdom. The style, is most readable, treatment alive with enthusiam, and the matter reve sound scholarship and original historical research.

The second volume mentioned consists of a set of sermons which reveal the same qualities and he the same thesis, but this time oriented toward ill trating the technique of educating congregations to richer appreciation of the Lord's Supper withe seeming to limit preaching to the presentation of cosubject. The texts chosen are for the historic Chun Year through Advent to Christmas, for Maundy Thu day, Easter, the Ascension, Whitsunday. The oft sermons are for a young people's service, for Saints Day, with three more on Eating of the Trough Christ's Death. They bring us back to fundamentathrough constant reference to that Love of Gathrough Jesus Christ which finds its way to through Holy Communion.—Paul H. Roth.

THE COMMON VENTURES OF LIFE. By Elton Trueblood. Harper. 124 pp. \$1.00.

The subtitle of this book, "Marriage, Birth, Wo and Death," indicates its scope. These four experiences are common to pagans and Christians alike. Easis fundamentally a venture.

The purpose of the book, the author states in t preface, is to help puzzled men and women to prepa for the intelligent and reverent facing of these cris which have seemed supreme in all generations and all cultures. He envisages the millions outside to organized Church and hopes that the book will provi some guidance in the facing of their problems.

Ours is a sacramental universe. This philosophy outlined in chapter one, which is preliminary to t rest. The task of the Church is to lift all of lift sacred and secular, into a context of divine low "Wisdom about life," the author concludes in the chapter, "consists in taking the inevitable venture which are the very stuff of common existence, as glorifying them."

What is said about marriage in chapter two, generally heeded, would change our way of living. O result of looking upon marriage as a sacrament relation would certainly be a reduction in divorces.

The high privilege and responsibility of guidichildren is considered in chapter three. How the hor can become a place of formative influences is clear shown.

Let the Church preach the principle of vocation, the author urges in chapter four. "The message is the the world is one, secular and sacred, and that the chief way to serve the Lord is in our daily work work is a source of happiness, it is pointed out. The tragedy is that so many have lost the sense of the dignity of the day's work. Professor Trueblood ward that our civilization may decay unless men recover sense of the glory of their work. Optimistically I closes this chapter by saying, "Work . . . is a window through which the divine light can shine in a peculiar way."

The sorrow that death brings when it passes be cannot be eliminated, but it can be glorified. He this can be done is told in the final chapter of book that is filled with helpful suggestions for a peop who are culturally uprooted.—Paul R. Kirts.

Conditions seem about the same all over. Briton complains to his favorite newspaper that the laundry returns the right buttons, but he can't fir the shirt.

lid-Week Suggestions

Many Voices

Organ: "Prayer"—Hollins.

Hymn: "Come, Gracious Lord, Descend and

ell . . .''

nvocation: "The Lord is my rock, and my fors, and my deliverer; my God, my strength, in om I will trust; my buckler, and the horn of my ration, and my high tower. I will call upon the d, who is worthy to be praised: so shall I be ed from mine enemies." (Psa. 18)

Hymn: "Come Thou, Almighty King."

Psalm: 24-25, responsively.

Hymn: "Nearer My God To Thee . . ."

Scripture: Prov. 23:1-12. Micah 6:1-4,

15, John 4:6-38.

Hymn: "A Mighty Fortress Is Our God . . ."

Meditation: "Whom He Hath Sent." John

36-38.

The confusion of many hollow voices, each claimto possess the truth, power, cure-alls, is destroythe confidence of people. Slogans are built up
blared forth over national net works, and
ough the press, and accepted by thousands as
gic cures for troubles brought upon peoples and
ions by sinful stupidity, greed, selfish assumption
powers over unsuspecting peoples. A little reflecmention to our problems—that solution is for every
teson to do his duty, to family, community, nation,
God. No slogan creates food, houses, clothing!
e materials from which all these are derived are
ated by God; man, through the use of God-given
lities, and energy, devotion to duty, creates the
ngs needed for the maintenance of life. Individual
ties are not delegated to political parties, governnts, unions, clubs. Rev. Reynold Boden of Los
geles reminded the members of his church recently
the story of Apsethus who lived ages agone in
oya, and like many in our day, he wanted to be
tepted as a god, having the answer to all things,
solom beyond human understanding. Knowing the
oyians would believe anything, if they heard
often enough, he collected a number of parrots
d taught them to say: "Apsethus is a God!" When
the parrots had learned their lines, so the story
es, they were set free to fly all over the place,
ring: "Apsethus is a God!" The unsuspecting
onle, hearing so many voices, all saying the same
only, concluded it was divine revelation. They had
great man in their midst, a hero, a god. All manrof honors were heaped upon the pretender; a
nelle was built where people might journey to
orship this god.

But there was one man who knew how the legend ne into being. He secured a greater number of trots and taught them to say: "Apsethus is false; caught us and told us to say that he is a God." hen the parrots had learned this lesson, and were free, the people heard their cries. They wondered, by doubted, became confused, then angry — so gry they brought the pretender forth from his nple and burned him. It is an old story — but w modern! Very modern, so modern we might nk it happening today. Whole populations swayed



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by silly slogans, viscious half-truths, high-sounding

but empty promises!

'Hast thou not known? hast thou not heard, that the everlasting God, Lord the Creator of the ends of the earth, fainteth not, neither is weary? there is no searching of his understanding. He giveth power to the faint; . . . (Read Isaiah 40:28-31).

Hymn: "When We Walk With the Lord." Reader: "When They Had Prayed," George W. Wiseman.

When they had prayed, so reads the simple

An upper room became God's dwelling place, Where all were one in spirit, faith and purpose, Without a thought of colour, class or race.

When they had prayed, their meeting place was shaken,

The force of which was soon to rock the

And cause the pagan gods to fear, then crumble When in their midst the Christian strength was hurled.

When they had prayed, oh, glorious words of

Resound within God's templed halls today, And shake mankind from self and cold

indifference,
That Christ, through us, might lead the
world HIS way.

Hymn: "Sowing the Seed . . ."

Prayer: (Especially for the coming of the Holy Spirit, to fill our hearts with zeal for that which we are here to do; to awaken our souls to the truth; to close our ears to the myriads of voices causing us to waste our energies and our substance in useless wishing for easy cure-alls.)

Hymn: "Come Holy Spirit . . ."

Benediction.

Organ: "Grand Choeur"—MacMaster.

II. Thou Shalt Love the Lord

Organ: "Prelude in D"—Bach.

Invocation: "Exalt ye the Lord our God, and worship at His footstool, for He is holy."

Hymn: "Come, Holy Ghost, Our Souls Inspire."

Psalm: 19, responsively.

Hymn: "Gracious Spirit, Love Divine." Scripture: John 14:23-31; Mark 14:3-11,

27-31.

Hymn: "Angel Voices. . . " Meditation: The Individual Believer.

The individual soul gives allegiance to the individual Saviour! "I am the Lord, thy God!" No one goes very far in the Christian way without learning the absolute necessity of personal devotion to Christ. It is the presence of Christ in the individual heart, through the grace of the Holy Spirit, that permits us to move steadily along the path chosen for each one of us, as individuals. Our religion, our faith, our worship is our nearness, dependence, and love for the Saviour. It is not a building, not pews, pulpit, sanctuary, bells, organ, candles;—it is in the heart! "I am the Lord, thy God!" Realization of this great and cardinal fact by the individual remake our individual lives, and through us br to mankind the great blessings God, the Creator loving Father, has in store for us. We have cause for fear, for despair, for stupid dissipation the gifts of God! God promised us that He remain with us always. (Read Matt. 20:1-22; M

Hymn: "O For a Closer Walk With Goo Reader: "The Living Church,"—Henry H

In the House of Life, I saw an Altar, with canci aglow and a Cross thereon.

And as I bowed in reverence and closed my ey I beheld the Living Church.

The walls were not of brick and stone, but dedicated wills held together with the mortar mutual dependence and common commitment to Best vet revealed.

The windows were not of stained glass, but multi-colored dreams, hopes and aspirations, through which there came the vision of Infinite Beauty to shone with the broken brilliance of a thousand su

The towering pillars and the vaulted arches we not of stone and steel, but of far-reaching arms life in prayers innumerable and intermingling.

The long aisles were not carpeted with vel runners, but with temptations trampled under for and good resolutions kept.

The doors were never shut. They were wide or with welcome to all humanity; saints and sinnerich and poor, black, brown, yellow and white whomsoever.

The altar was not of carved wood, but of penite hearts, ashamed of their sins, made strong with t sense of forgiveness.

The pulpit was not a dais for the declaration dogmas, but a place of light and fire whence car forth flashes of truth and the impact of power.

The Holy Book was not a single volume he aloft on a lectern, but all life studied unashamed

tested daringly, experienced deeply, comforted to derly, challenged constantly.

The music was not compounded of organ a voices, but of consecrated leadership and well-devoped diversities all harmonized into the matchle

melody of creative co-operation.

And the warmth of the Living Church, where all glowed with radiant vitality, came not from furnace and fuel, but from obedience to Him we saith: "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with: they heart, soul, mind and strength; and thy neigh bor as thyself.

Hymn: "Come, Holy Spirit, Love Divine

Prayer and Benediction.

Organ: "Temple March"-Petrah.

U. S.-Owned Corporations

Federal ownership of 45 corporations "controlling some \$30,000,000,000" came in for congression criticism early this year as an "alarming expansition of the powers of Government vitally affecting private business." Representative Walter C. Ploese Republican of Missouri, chairman of the Hou Committee on Small Business, told Congress in

report:
"The enormous concentration of financial powing the hands of Government, exemplified by the 45 Government-owned corporations, represents unprecedented and little-scrutinized growth of go

pel Solos and Duets

Tell the Story With a Song" is a 33-page det, paper bound, 50c, compiled by Harry on Loes, which may be ordered from Vanapen Press, 222 E. Willow St., Wheaton, Singing familiar songs is a wholesome exerfor a group; it appears a necessity to the stian.

ness

om page 154)

oled Jesus to have borne His Cross as He At the Cross of Christ men find deliverfrom the bondage of sin and a power to ole them to walk in a newness of life. Cross of Christ reveals to His disciples r lot in life, that they too must be willing be crucified with Christ. The same sins that shed the heart of Christ should crush our rts. Because these sins do crush our hearts, should feel that we are partners with ist,—fellow-workers of God on earth. The son whose physical maladies are so excrucig that he feels there is nothing he can do h a Cross, may accept his suffering as his ss, and, in the spirit of Christ, he may by ience and uncomplaining add luster even to Cross of Christ. "There is a place on the ss right near to Jesus for every sufferer." the Cross of suffering man may come the sest to Christ. There is no crowding away re. At the Cross of Christ, the world may the secret, the only secret of how peace I brotherhood and good will may be estabed among men.

The days of Lent find thousands of people ing inventory of their lives, and seriously sidering their need of setting their lives in ler before God for their own sake, for the e of their loved ones, and for the sake of ir influence. No life is complete without a

oss.

Jesus showed the world that the key to lock heaven is "a Cross." His religion is a igion of Joy, of Power, and of Peace, because Cross makes available to the individual the rine resources, giving one access to the very art and mind and love of God. The Cross





of Calvary shines with eternal splendor, lighting the way of life for all mankind. The world has never been the same as it was before that eventful day—when outside the city walls of Jerusalem — Jesus Christ bore literally that Cross, as a symbol of the crosses He had carried all through His life and of the crosses

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that His disciples would need to carry if t would come after Him.

The Christian Way is the way that appeto men and women of courageous soul. Je wanted people to understand that His way life had crosses all along life's path, but tonly by the way of the cross could men a women become acquanited with their best so only by the way of the cross could man fi God, only by the way of the cross could world be saved. And so, He flung out He challenge to all heroic souls,—"If any moving the way of the cross could the challenge to all heroic souls,—"If any moving the companion of the cross and follow me." "Whosoed doth not bear his Cross and come after me cannot be my disciple."

The religion of Jesus appeals to the here in men and women. Weak and timid, inert a selfish souls that prefer "some flowery bed ease" to a cross, reject the challenge of Jesus and, following the lines of least resistance, f to experience the joys and the delight, the pea and the power that are experienced by the who, looking to the Cross of Jesus, are willing to take up their cross and follow Him.

In every life that has power, you will fi a cross. In every life that knows the true] of living, there is a cross. In every home the stands secure before all threatening storn stands a cross. In every successful moveme for human progress there must be a cross. "T Way of the Cross Leads Home," and the W of the Cross leads to strength of personal and to true self-realization. The Way of t Cross leads to understanding, between inviduals, and to peace between nations. Let eve member of a home take up his cross and follow Christ; and wars and rumors of wars wou speedily cease. Nothing but the cross can sa our lives and the life of the world. It is eith 'A Cross or Catastrophe,"—"Christ or Chaos

People who believe in the Cross of Chripeople who believe in the Jesus-way of liare challenged by the Lord Christ, Himself, identify themselves with some Church the bears His name that they too may take up the cross and follow Christ in loyal service to Grand humanity. Only thus can men and wom be saved, and only thus can the world be save And even in our generation there is still point to the question,—"What is a man profitted he gain the whole world and lose his owned?"

Our lives will miss God's purpose for and we shall miss the truest joys of life unleading we accept the Challenge of Jesus and take our cross and follow him. Only in this sican we conquer!

eaven

rom page 143)

se who have overcome pass from the prisonase of the body into the native dimension led the immediate presence of God, heaven, ile those who have been defeated pass ough the first death to the second. It is not first death which is important, but the ond. Similarly it is not the first life which the objective, but the second.

Our familiar four dimensions must therefore ld to seven, for the dimension distinct from ce and time is personality, the dimension Divine rejection is hell, and the dimension Divine acceptance is heaven. As there are ir dimensions within space and time, so re are three which are above and distinct m space and time, for they concern perality, its decision and pilgrimage this side bodily death, and its remorse or fellowship

h God beyond bodily death.

We live out our bodily imprisonment as best may, for it is a time of the trial of our sonalities, our souls, ourselves. An invitan is extended to us to place ourselves in a ation of subjection, dependence, and obedt love under God, and this rejection to the e of self-love is the narrow, difficult way ich leads to life with God, as acceptance of rule of self-love is the broad and easy way ich leads to the Divine rejection. In the g view, the conquering of self-love leads to human acceptance, and the rule of selfe to human rejection.

There is only one way to heaven—the dimenn of Divine acceptance and fellowship—and t way is the way of the Cross, whereon rist bore the death our self-love causes, in ose Light and by whose Spirit and for whose ve we leave self-love, casting aside the sec-

death.

Whatsoever is born of God overcometh the rld," said John. And the world which the ldren of God overcome is the world within well as the world without—the world of -love. And that which overcomes this world the love of God, His love toward us, and ough faith and purpose our undeveloped but wing love toward Him. "Whatsoever is n of God overcomes the world . . . Him overcometh will I grant to dwell with Me he paradise of God . . . This day shalt thou with Me in paradise."

When personality is released from the prison the body, having been born of God while within that prison, having overcome selfby the love of God and man, the released sonality passes easily into the new dimenof fellowship, joyful fellowship, with



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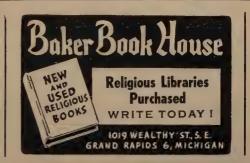
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God, the Father, God, the Son, and God, Holy Spirit, joyful fellowship with the co pany of the redeemed, the company of the ov comers. "Eye hath not seen nor ear hea neither have entered into the imagination man the things which God hath prepared them that love Him."

When Jesus was buried, His body did inde lie in the tomb for some thirty-six hours, wh He passed from the dimensions of space a time. Did He go into the dimension of Div rejection, that He might taste the second de for every man as He had tasted the first dear Our fathers taught that Jesus descended i hell that He might lead captivity captive. A Jesus said when He had risen from both deat that He had not yet ascended to the immedi presence of God the Father. He lingered for days among His uncomprehending yet beli ing disciples-strengthening their faith to c last time, girding them for the battle of deeming love against Roman hate, against fa prophets, and against the modern Laodice indifference. Then He passed from time a space again to His place at the right hand the Father, the place He had vacated for I venture in human redemption.

Fear not them which are able to dest the body, but are not able to destroy the so Rather fear Him who is able to destroy be soul and body in hell." Are not these words peculiarly suited to young men in battle as the disciples who went forth to battle for ma

There is a veil between the first and second life which is called bodily death. Wh Jesus rose from the dead the veil was rent the midst; it is easier now, though difficult st to follow Jesus through the grave into the h of holies. "Though I walk through the val of the shadow of death, I will fear no e for Thou art with me." Whatsoever is be of God overcometh the world within, the wo without, and overcometh as well both first a second death. It is not possible, even those who are born of God, to pass into dimension called heaven without casting off prison-house of the body, for "flesh and blo cannot inherit the Kingdom of heaven . . .

"This corruptible body must put on incorruption; this mortal body must put on immortality. So when this corruptible body shall have put on incorruption and this mortal bod shall have put on immortality, then shall b brought to pass the saying that is writter "Death is swallowed up in victory!"

"Christ leads me through no darker rooms Than He went through before; He that into God's kingdom comes Must enter by this door."

-Richard Baxte

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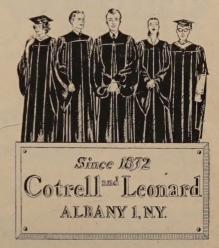
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To the overcomer, strong in the love of God and strong in trust, bodily death is the last difficulty, the last test of faith—and beyond it the second life which is life indeed. For the overcomer in the strength of the Holy Spirit has conquered the second death this side the grave, for he has laid the axe to the root of self-love. He cannot be hurt of the second death. The evil one cometh but findeth nothing in him. He passes the more easily through the first death to the second life, where personality is set free from the prison house of the body and restored to its native fellowship with God, restored to its lost Eden, its Paradise.

"My knowledge of that life is small; The eye of faith is dim; But 'tis enough that Christ knows all, And I shall be with Him." -Richard Baxter

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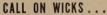
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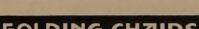
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